

Resource Family Approval Program



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Prepared by:

California Department of Social Services



RESOURCE FAMILY APPROVAL PROGRAM

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ARTICLE I. RESOURCE FAMILY APPROVAL PROGRAM

SECTION 1: Purpose

- (a) The purpose of the Resource Family Approval Program is to implement a unified, family-friendly, and child-centered resource family approval process to replace the existing multiple processes for licensing foster family homes and approving relatives and non-relative extended family members as foster care providers, and approving families for legal guardianship or adoption.
- (b) A Resource Family shall be considered eligible to provide foster care for related and unrelated children in out-of-home placement, shall be considered and approved for adoption or legal guardianship, and shall not have to undergo any additional approval or licensure.

SECTION 2: Authority and Historical Program Notes

02-01: Authority

- (a) **Federal Authority.** Title IV-E, Section 471(a)(10) of the Social Security Act requires that the state of California establish a state authority responsible for establishing and maintaining standards for foster family homes and child care institutions which are reasonably in accord with recommended standards of national organizations concerned with standards for such institutions or homes, including standards related to admission policies, safety, sanitation, and protection of civil rights.
- (b) **State Authority.** Welfare and Institutions Code section 16519.5 requires the California Department of Social Services, in consultation with county child welfare agencies, foster parent associations, and other interested community parties, to implement a unified, family friendly, and child-centered resource family approval process to replace the existing multiple processes for licensing foster family homes and approving relatives and non-relative extended family members as foster care providers, guardians and approving adoptive families. *(Added by Stats. 2007, c. 464 (A.B. 340), § 3. Amended by Stats. 2011, c. 32 (A.B. 106), § 69, eff. June 29, 2011; Stats. 2012, c. 35 (S.B. 1013), § 136, eff. June 27, 2012.)*

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02-02: Historical Program Notes

- (a) **Early Implementation Phase:** The Department is authorized to select up to five counties to participate in the early implementation phase of the Resource Family Approval Program. The early implementation phase is authorized to continue through the end of the third full fiscal year following the date that the last county implements the Resource Family Approval Program.
- (b) **Participating Counties:** The following five counties have volunteered to participate in the early implementation phase of the Resource Family Approval Program: San Luis Obispo, Kings, Santa Barbara, Santa Clara, and San Francisco.
- (1) Effective November 1, 2013, San Luis Obispo County initiated early implementation of the Resource Family Approval Program.
- (2) The remaining counties are expected to begin early implementation as follows:
- January 2014: Kings County
 - February 2014: Santa Barbara County
 - March 2014: Santa Clara County and San Francisco County
- (c) **Statewide Implementation:** The Resource Family Approval program is authorized in all counties following the conclusion of the early implementation phase.
- (1) The Department expects statewide implementation of the Resource Family Approval Program to commence in all counties in July of 2017.
- (d) **Written Directives:** The Department has issued Written Directives to administer the Resource Family Approval Program. The Written Directives are contained herein in Article II. The Written Directives are authorized and approved by Greg Rose, Deputy Director, for the Children and Family Services Division and Dave Dodds, Acting Deputy Director, for the Community Care Licensing Division.
- (1) Version and Effective Date
- **Version 1: Effective November 1, 2013** (Revision Date: 11/22/2013)

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ARTICLE II: WRITTEN DIRECTIVES

The provisions contained in this article are the Written Directives governing the Resource Family Approval Program.

SECTION 3: Written Directives, Definitions, and Forms

03-01: Written Directives

- (a) The Written Directives are the written processes, standards, and requirements issued by the Department to implement the Resource Family Approval Program.
- (b) The Written Directives:
 - (1) Have the same force and effect as regulations.
 - (2) Ensure Counties use the same standards for Resource Family Approval.
- (c) A County shall implement, enforce, and comply with the Written Directives and all other applicable laws and policy interpretations by the Department.
- (d) A County shall not implement policies and procedures that conflict with or attempt to supersede the Written Directives.
- (e) The Written Directives may be modified to address policy and program issues identified by participating counties or the Department. If the Written Directives are modified during the early implementation phase, counties will have 30 calendar days to implement any changes. The historical notes (version number, revision date, and effective date) pertaining to the Written Directives are contained in Section 02-02.

03-02: Definitions

- (a) The following definitions shall apply whenever the terms are used throughout this document.
 - (1) "Adoption Assistance Program (AAP)" means a program of financial or medical assistance to facilitate the adoption of children who otherwise would remain in long-term foster care.
 - (2) "Adult" means a person who is 18 or older.
 - (3) "Alternative Caregiver" means a person who cares for a child in either the Resource Family's home or the alternative caregiver's home when the Resource Family is away from his or her home for more than 24 hours at a time.
 - (4) "Applicant" means an individual or individuals who have submitted an application for Resource Family Approval.
 - (5) "Birth Parent" means a biological parent or, in the case of a person previously adopted, an adoptive parent.

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- (6) "Capacity" means the number of children and nonminor dependents for whom a Resource Family is approved to provide care and supervision.
- (7) "Child" means a person who is under 18 placed with a Resource Family by a placement agency with or without a court order.
- (8) "Child Abuse Central Index (CACI)" means the California Department of Justice maintained statewide, multi-jurisdictional, centralized index of child abuse investigation reports. These reports pertain to alleged incidents of physical abuse, sexual abuse, mental or emotional abuse or severe neglect. Each child protection agency (police, sheriff, county welfare, and probation departments) is required by law to forward to the California Department of Justice a report of every child abuse incident it investigates, unless an incident is determined to be unfounded.
- (9) "Compelling Reason" means a placement made based on the best interest of a child prior to Resource Family Approval.
- (10) "Comprehensive Assessment" means an evaluation of an applicant using the home environment assessment, background check, and permanency assessment for purposes of determining the applicant's suitability as a Resource Family.
- (11) "County" means the county that enters into a Memorandum of Understanding with the Department for the operation of the Resource Family Approval program within that county's geographic area.
- (12) "Documented Alternative Plan (DAP)" means a written plan, pursuant to 07-04, approved by the County describing a Resource Family's use of an acceptable alternative to a specific requirement.
- (13) "Department" means the California Department of Social Services.
- (14) "Emergency placement" means a placement of a child or nonminor dependent with a relative or nonrelative extended family member prior to the Resource Family approval in an emergency situation.
- (15) "Foster Care" means 24-hour out-of-home care provided to children or nonminor dependents whose families are unable or unwilling to care for them and who are in need of temporary or long-term substitute parenting.
- (16) "Home environment assessment" means a component of the Resource Family Approval process which requires an applicant to meet standards that include, but are not limited to, home and grounds, outdoor activity space, storage requirements, fire clearance, and capacity determination.
- (17) "ICPC" means the Interstate Compact on the Placement of Children.
- (18) "Infant" means a "child" under one year of age.
- (19) "Kinship Guardianship Assistance Payment Program (Kin-GAP)" means a program of financial assistance or medical assistance (Medi-Cal) to facilitate the achievement of permanency for foster children through legal guardianship by a relative caregiver.
- (20) "Memorandum of Understanding" means the contract that contains the terms and conditions entered into between the Department and the County for the operation of the Resource Family Approval Program.
- (21) "Nonminor Dependent (NMD)" means a foster child who is at least 18 years of age and not more than 21 years of age, as defined in Welfare and Institutions Code section 11400.
- (22) "Nonrelative extended family member (NREFM)" means an adult who has an

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- established familial or mentoring relationship with a child, as defined in Welfare and Institutions Code section 11400.
- (23) "Occasional Short-Term Babysitter" means a person who cares for a child in or out of a Resource Family's home on an occasional basis for no more than 24 hours at a time.
- (24) "Permanency Assessment" is a component of the Resource Family Approval process which meets standards that include, but are not limited to, an applicant's completion of the following: caregiver training, psychosocial evaluation, and any other activities that relate to a resource family's ability to achieve permanency with a child.
- (25) "Quality Parenting Initiative Partnership Plan" means the document that describes the roles of a Resource Family and a County in mutually supporting a child or nonminor dependent in care and meets the case plan objectives.
- (26) "Reasonable and Prudent Parent Standard" means the careful and sensible parental decisions that maintain a child's health, safety, and best interests, as defined in Welfare and Institutions Code section 362.04.
- (27) "Relative" means an adult who is related to a child by blood, adoption, or affinity within the fifth degree of kinship, including stepparents, stepsiblings, and all relatives whose status is preceded by the words "great," "great-great," or "grand" or the spouse of any of these persons even if the marriage was terminated by death or dissolution, as defined in Welfare and Institutions Code section 11400.
- (28) "Rescind" means an administrative action by a County to revoke approval of a Resource Family due to a serious or chronic violations or the Resource Family no longer meets the approval standards.
- (29) "Respite Care" means temporary care for periods not to exceed 72 hours and not provided for the purpose of routine, ongoing child care, as defined in Welfare and Institutions Code section 16501(b).
- (30) "Resource Family Approval Program (program)" means the single process for approving families for foster care, legal guardianship, and adoption.
- (31) "Resource Family" means an individual or couple that a County determines to have successfully met the application and assessment criteria necessary for providing care for a child or nonminor dependent who is under the jurisdiction of the juvenile court, or otherwise in the care of a county child welfare agency or probation department.
- (32) "Risk Assessment" means a County's consideration of factors regarding an applicant that include, but are not limited to, physical and mental health, alcohol and other substance use and abuse, and family and domestic violence history.
- (33) "Sibling Group" means a group of two or more children related by blood, adoption, or affinity through a common legal or biological parent, to include step-siblings, and half-siblings. (Welf. & Inst. Code §§ 362.1 and 16002.)
- (34) "Written Assessment" means a summary, analysis, and determination of an applicant's capacity to foster, adopt, or provide legal guardianship of a child or nonminor dependent based on all the information gathered through the Resource Family application and assessment processes.
- (35) "Written Directives" means the written processes, standards, and requirements

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issued by the Department to implement the Resource Family Approval Program.

03-03: Forms

- (a) A County shall use the following Resource Family Approval forms:
 - (1) Form RFA-01(A): Resource Family Application.
 - (2) Form RFA-01(B): Resource Family Criminal Records Statement.
 - (3) Form RFA-02: Resource Family Criminal Background Checklist.
 - (4) Form RFA-03: Resource Family Home Environment Checklist.
 - (5) Form RFA-04: Resource Family Risk Assessment (or a different form or document that contains the same information.)
 - (6) Form RFA-05: Resource Family Initial Approval.
 - (7) Form RFA-06: Resource Family Annual Update.

SECTION 4: General Requirements for Counties

04-01: Memorandum of Understanding

- (a) The Department shall enter into a Memorandum of Understanding with a County that contains terms and conditions for participation in the RFA Program.

04-02: Implementation Plan

- (a) A County shall submit an Implementation Plan for operation of the program in the County to the Department for approval.
- (b) The Implementation Plan shall include the following:
 - (1) Program statement and vision.
 - (2) Program goals, objectives and outcomes.
 - (3) The County's organizational structure, including program and probation staff roles and responsibilities.
 - (4) Description of plan for maintaining program staff and probation qualifications, skills, and program expertise.
 - (5) If applicable, identify the role of any contracted licensed adoption agencies that will be involved with the implementation or operation of the program, including a description of activities to be performed, as well as their staff qualifications, skills, and expertise.
 - (6) Description of the County plan for tribal outreach and participation.
 - (7) Resource Family Approval process.
 - (8) Proposed Resource Family assessment tools.
 - (9) Training plan for the program and probation staff and Resource Families.
 - (10) Procedures for monitoring of Resource Families.

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- (11) Procedures for due process regarding denied or rescinded approvals or other adverse actions.
 - (12) Timeline for implementation.
 - (13) Termination plan.
 - (14) Any other information needed for implementation.
- (c) A County shall consult with the County probation department in the development of the Implementation Plan.

04-03: Program Staff

- (a) A County shall ensure program staff:
- (1) Have the education and experience necessary to administer the Resource Family Approval Program competently.
 - (2) Are appropriately trained to perform assigned responsibilities for the Resource Family Approval Program.
 - (3) Have been provided with a copy of the Written Directives for the Resource Family Approval Program.
- (b) A County shall designate a Resource Family Approval Project Manager to be responsible for the day-to-day administration of the Resource Family Approval Program and to serve as point of contact to the Department.

04-04: Reporting Requirements

- (a) A County shall submit program information and data to the Department as determined by the Department.
- (b) The Department shall inform Counties of the data elements and information that the Counties must collect for the purpose of meeting the reporting requirements of Welfare and Institutions Code section 16519.5(f)(9), and shall give Counties no less than 30 calendar days notice of the date on which such information should be submitted to the Department.
- (c) A County shall report to the Department on a quarterly basis the number of prospective Resource Families with a child or nonminor dependent placed in a home pending completion of Resource Family Approval, whose permanency assessment or training has exceeded 90 calendar days of the date of placement, as specified in Section 07-02(f) or 07-03(b), and summarize the reasons for the delay.
- (d) A County shall provide the Department with a log of Resource Families that were approved, denied, and rescinded on a quarterly basis.

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04-05: Confidentiality

- (a) A County will comply with Welfare and Institutions Code section 10850 and Family Code section 9200, et seq. to assure that all applications and records concerning individuals made or kept by any officer or agency in connection with the administration of any service provided as part of the Resource Family Approval program will be kept confidential. A County will maintain the confidentiality of all information and records in accordance with current laws, written directives, and policies. Exchange of information will be for the purpose of promoting the best interests of a child or nonminor dependent and the administration of the program.
- (b) Each County office will comply with its own confidentiality policies, procedures, and guidelines. The location of those guidelines shall be made known to all employees. The County agrees to inform all of its employees, agents, and subcontractors of the confidentiality provisions of this section and further agree that any person knowingly and intentionally violating the provisions of said laws is guilty of a misdemeanor.
- (c) Information pursuant to Sections 06-02 and 06-04 and contained in Section 06-06 shall be maintained in a confidential case file.

SECTION 5: Resource Family Application Process

05-01: Nondiscrimination of Applicants

Consistent with Civil Code section 51, any adult shall be permitted to apply for Resource Family Approval regardless of age, sex, race, religion, color, national origin, disability, marital status, actual or perceived sexual orientation, medical condition, genetic information, or ancestry.

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05-02: Applicant Qualifications

- (a) An applicant shall be at least 18 years of age.
- (b) An applicant shall be in good physical and mental health.
 - (1) Good health is verified by a health screening performed by a licensed health professional issued not more than 180 days prior to the date of the application and a test for tuberculosis not more than one year old.
 - (2) Other adults residing in the home shall provide verification that they have completed a test for tuberculosis not more than one year old.
- (c) An applicant shall demonstrate all of the following:
 - (1) An understanding of the safety, permanence, and well-being needs of children and nonminor dependents who have been victims of child abuse and neglect, and a capacity and willingness to meet those needs, including the need for protection, and a willingness to make use of support resources offered by the agency, or a support structure in place, or both.
 - (2) An understanding of children's or nonminor dependents' needs and development, effective parenting skills or knowledge about parenting, and a capacity to act as a reasonable and prudent parent in day-to-day decision making.
 - (3) An understanding of his or her role as a Resource Family and a capacity to work cooperatively with the County and other service providers in implementing a child's or nonminor dependent's case plan.
 - (4) The financial ability within the household to ensure the stability and financial security of the family.
 - (5) An ability and willingness to maintain the least restrictive and most family-like environment that serves the needs of a child or nonminor dependent.
 - (6) Demonstrate an understanding of the rights of children or nonminor dependents in care and his or her responsibility to safeguard those rights.
 - (7) Knowledge and willingness to prepare a child for adulthood or to prepare a nonminor dependent for the transition to independent living.
 - (8) An understanding of and an ability and willingness to participate in the Quality Parenting Initiative Partnership Plan.

05-03: Applicant Requirements

- (a) To become a Resource Family, an applicant must comply with the following requirements:
 - (1) Participate in the permanency assessment, pursuant to Section 06-04, which includes a comprehensive inquiry into the applicant's personal history, family history, and family dynamics, and consent to release all requested evaluative reports and records, including physical and mental health.
 - (2) Allow a home environment assessment, pursuant to Section 06-03, of conditions in the home that affect the health, safety, and well-being of a child or nonminor

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- dependent.
- (3) Provide the names and contact information for three individuals who can attest to the applicant's character and ability to provide a safe environment for a child or nonminor dependent.
 - (A) If an applicant is unable to provide three references, the applicant shall document the reasons why and the County may determine whether or not to proceed with approval process.
 - (4) Consent to background checks pursuant to Section 06-02, including completing and submitting form RFA-01(B): Resource Family Criminal Records Statement and the out-of-state child abuse and neglect registry form.
 - (5) Attend pre-approval trainings as specified in Section 06-05 and as required by the County.
- (b) Prior to conducting a comprehensive assessment pursuant to Section 6, a County shall require an applicant to complete, sign, and submit form RFA-01 (A): Resource Family Application and provide supporting documentation.
- (c) If a child or nonminor dependent is placed in the home of a relative or NREFM prior to approval on an emergency basis pursuant to Section 07-02, the County shall require the relative or NREFM applicant to complete, sign, and submit form RFA-01 (A), Resource Family Application, within five business days of the child being placed in the home.
- (d) A County shall require an applicant to provide the following supporting documentation along with the application:
- (1) Proof of identity.
 - (2) Consent for the County to obtain a Department of Motor Vehicles report on each applicant and all adults living in the home who may frequently transport children or nonminor dependents.
 - (3) Verification of good physical and mental health, including a health screening by a licensed health professional that was issued not more than 180 days prior to the date of application and a test for tuberculosis not more than one year old for all adults residing in the home.
 - (4) If employed, verification of current employment.
 - (5) Verification of the applicant's current income and disclosure of expenses.
 - (6) Documents verifying the applicant owns or rents the home in which the applicant resides.
 - (7) History of the applicant's prior or present status as an approved relative or nonrelative extended family member, a certified family home, or an employee, volunteer, or licensee of a community care facility.
- (e) A County shall not charge an applicant an application processing fee.
- (f) A County shall advise an applicant that if he or she is approved as a Resource Family and

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then subsequently moves within the County or to a County participating in the Resource Family Approval Program, he or she is required to submit an updated application pursuant to Section 8-01(c) and a new home environment assessment shall be conducted pursuant to Section 06-04.

05-04: Documentation and Information

- (a) A County shall discuss and address questions regarding the following with an applicant:
 - (1) Financial Assistance: Foster care funding, Adoption Assistance Program, Specialized Care Increment (SCI), Dual-Agency, Kin-Gap, and any other assistance that may apply.
 - (2) Personal Rights of foster children, including how to access additional information and resources that address these personal rights.
 - (3) The applicant's right to a due process hearing.
 - (4) Access to health, mental health, and dental care through Medi-Cal, and developmental or other services based on the needs of a child or nonminor dependent in the care of a Resource Family.
 - (5) The Reasonable and Prudent Parent Standard.
 - (6) The Quality Parenting Initiative Partnership Plan.

SECTION 6: Resource Family Assessment and Approval Processes

06-01: Comprehensive Assessment

- (a) A comprehensive assessment shall include activities and tools to assess an applicant's suitability as a Resource Family and shall include consideration of what is in the best interest of the child, if a child has been identified by the applicant.
 - (1) Activities shall include:
 - (A) Background checks assessment pursuant to Section 06-02.
 - (B) Home environment assessment pursuant to Section 06-03.
 - (C) Permanency assessment pursuant to Section 06-04.
 - (2) Tools, such as questionnaires and forms, may be used to complete the comprehensive assessment.
 - (3) As deemed appropriate and necessary by a County, an applicant may be required to complete additional activities and tools to assess an applicant's ability to be approved as a Resource Family.
- (b) An applicant shall be assessed on the basis of his or her ability to:
 - (1) Honor the child's or nonminor dependent's natural connections.
 - (2) Parent a child or nonminor dependent needing placement in a family setting.
 - (3) Provide a safe, nurturing, and stable home.
 - (4) Provide permanence to a child or nonminor dependent or prepare a child or

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nonminor dependent for permanence, including reunification.

06-02: Background Checks Assessment

- (a) A County shall conduct and consider background checks of an applicant and all adults living in the home, which include:
 - (1) Completion and submission of form RFA-01(B): Resource Family Criminal Records Statement.
 - (2) A fingerprint based criminal records check to obtain state and federal criminal record information pursuant to Family Code section 8712.
 - (3) Child Abuse Central Index check pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 1522.1.
 - (4) If the applicant or any adult living in the home has lived in another state within five years before seeking Resource Family Approval, an out-of-state child abuse and neglect registry check must be conducted using licensing form, LIC 198B.
 - (5) Child Welfare Services/Case Management System check.
 - (6) Megan's Law registered sex offender check.
 - (7) Department of Motor Vehicles check on the applicant and any adults living in the home who may frequently transport a child or nonminor dependent.
- (b) For emergency placements with a relative or NREFM, a county shall conduct background checks pursuant to Section 07-02.
- (c) A County may request additional background information based on subsection (a)(1) through (7) as deemed necessary.
- (d) A County may not grant a Resource Family Approval to an applicant whose criminal record indicates a conviction for any of the offenses specified in Health and Safety Code section 1522(g).
- (e) Exemptions from criminal records clearance requirements may be granted by the director of a County using the exemption criteria specified in Health and Safety Code section 1522(g) if a County has been granted permission by the director of the Department to issue criminal records exemptions pursuant to Welfare and Institutions Code section 361.4.
- (f) A County shall verify that a subsequent arrest notification (rap back) service is in place for all adults living in the home. If there are new adults living in the home, a background clearance shall be completed for each new adult living in the home, including a subsequent arrest notification service.
- (g) An applicant shall cooperate with the County in discussing the results of his or her background check.

06-03: Home Environment Assessment

- (a) A Resource Family home environment assessment shall include all of the requirements in Section 06-03.1 through 06-03.5.

06-03.1: Home and Grounds

- (a) A County shall conduct a health and safety assessment of the building and grounds of the applicant's home to determine compliance with Section 10.
- (b) A County shall discuss home and grounds concerns with an applicant during the home environment assessment and permanency assessment processes.

06-03.2: Outdoor Activity Space

- (a) A County shall conduct a health and safety assessment of conditions that exist in the outdoor activity space of the applicant's home to determine compliance with Section 10-02.
- (b) A County shall discuss outdoor activity space concerns with an applicant during the home environment assessment and permanency assessment processes.

06-03.3: Storage Requirements

- (a) A County shall conduct a health and safety assessment of conditions that exist in the storage areas of the applicant's home to determine compliance with Section 10-03.
- (b) A County shall discuss storage concerns with an applicant during the home environment assessment and permanency assessment processes.

06-03.4: Fire Clearance

- (a) The County shall require an applicant to have any necessary fire clearance for his or her home when the applicant intends to provide care to either of the following:
- (1) A child or nonminor dependent who is non-ambulatory.
 - (2) More than six children or nonminor dependents in the home.
- (b) If a fire clearance for a home is necessary, a County shall request that an applicant obtain a fire clearance from the city or County fire department, district providing fire protection services, or State Fire Marshal's Office having jurisdiction in the area where the home to be approved is located, and provide the fire clearance to the County.

06-03.5: Capacity Determination

- (a) A County shall ensure that the number of children and nonminor dependents that an applicant intends to have reside in a home be no more than the total number of children and nonminor dependents that an applicant can properly care for as determined by the County.
 - (1) The capacity shall not exceed six, which includes foster children, nonminor dependents, and adoptive, biological, and legal guardianship children residing in the home.
 - (A) Residency is determined as living in a home for more than 30 days.
 - (2) If exceptional circumstances are documented in a child's or nonminor dependent's case file to permit an applicant to care for more children or nonminor dependents, a County may grant an approval for an applicant to care for up to eight children or nonminor dependents, in order to place sibling groups, as described in Health and Safety Code section 1505.2.

- (b) When determining the capacity of a home, a County shall consider the following:
 - (1) An applicant's ability to comply with applicable laws and the Written Directives.
 - (2) The number of children or nonminor dependents, in addition to children already living in a home, for whom the applicant is capable of providing care and supervision and that the home can accommodate.
 - (3) Any other household members who live in the home and his or her individual needs.
 - (4) Circumstances in the family environment that may affect the ability of an applicant to provide care and supervision to a child or nonminor dependent.
 - (5) Physical features of a home, including available living space, which are necessary in order to comply with applicable laws and the Written Directives.

- (c) A County may approve an applicant to care for fewer children or nonminor dependents than the applicant has requested when the County determines that the applicant's responsibilities would not allow the applicant to provide the necessary care and supervision for children or nonminor dependents.
 - (1) When a County approves a capacity different than that requested by an applicant, the County shall provide written notification to the applicant that specifies the reasons for the limitation and the applicant's right to appeal the decision.

06-04: Permanency Assessment

- (a) A County shall conduct interviews as follows:
 - (1) A minimum of three face-to-face interviews with an applicant.

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- (A) If more than one applicant, an individual interview with each applicant and a joint interview with all applicants must occur.
 - (B) At a minimum, at least one additional interview with all applicants, either separately or jointly.
 - (C) One of the required three interviews may occur during training or classroom environment, during the assessment for placement prior to approval, or during a home environment assessment.
- (2) A minimum of one separate face-to-face interview with all other persons living in the home of an applicant.
- (3) Additional interviews as deemed necessary by the County.
- (b) If an applicant refuses to participate, or is unable to ensure all other adults living in the home participate in the interviews as required in subsection (a), the County shall deny the Resource Family application.
- (1) If an adult living in the home, other than the applicant, is unable to participate in an interview due to a compelling circumstance, the county shall determine if the interview is necessary to assess the applicant's ability to be approved as a Resource Family.
- (c) The majority of interviews shall take place in the home of an applicant and shall include observation of the family environment, and if applicable, any parent-child interaction.
- (d) At a minimum, the following information shall be gathered to assess an applicant:
- (1) Childhood upbringing and experiences.
 - (2) Adult experiences and personal characteristics.
 - (3) A risk assessment, which shall include:
 - (A) Past and current alcohol and other substance use and abuse history.
 - (B) Physical, emotional, sexual abuse and family domestic violence history.
 - (C) Past and current physical and mental health of the applicant.
 - (4) Current marital status and history of marriages, domestic partnerships, or significant relationships.
 - (5) Children living in or out of the home.
 - (A) Name.
 - (B) Gender.
 - (C) Date of birth.
 - (D) Relationship to applicant.
 - (E) General health.
 - (F) Past and current behavioral issues.
 - (G) If children are not living in the home, the reason.
 - (H) Custody arrangements and disputes.
 - (6) Parenting approaches.
 - (A) Family values.
 - (B) Lifestyles, activities, and home environment.
 - (C) Parenting practices and discipline procedures.

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- (7) Social support system.
- (8) Employment.
- (9) Financial situation.
 - (A) Ability within the home to ensure the stability and financial security of the family.
 - (B) Understanding of legal and financial responsibilities when caring for a child or nonminor dependent.
- (10) Motivation to become a Resource Family.
- (11) Characteristics and demographics of a child or nonminor dependent best served by the Resource Family.
- (12) Discussion of the results of the background checks.

06-05: Pre-Approval Training

- (a) A County shall ensure that an applicant completes pre-approval training prior to Resource Family Approval.
- (b) Pre-approval training may be delayed for an applicant who accepts a child or nonminor dependent into his or her home prior to Resource Family Approval, pursuant to Section 07-02 or 07-03.
 - (1) The applicant shall complete the pre-approval training as required within 90 calendar days of placement of the child or nonminor dependent in the home, unless good cause exists for the pre-approval training to be further delayed as approved by the County.
 - (2) The applicant is not eligible for an Aid to Families with Dependent Children-Foster Care payment until the applicant completes pre-approval training, complies with the Written Directives, receives Resource Family Approval, and meets any other Title IV-E eligibility criteria.
- (c) Pre-approval training shall include:
 - (1) A Resource Family orientation, which includes the requirements set forth in Sections 6 and 10.
 - (2) An overview of the child protective system.
 - (3) The effects of child abuse and neglect on child development.
 - (4) Positive discipline and the importance of self-esteem.
 - (5) Common health issues of foster children.
 - (6) A certificate verifying completion of a Cardio-Pulmonary Resuscitation and First Aid course.
 - (7) Accessing education and health services available to foster children or nonminor dependents in care.
 - (8) Personal rights of foster youth.
 - (9) Options for permanency.
 - (10) Any other training a County determines to be appropriate.

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- (d) A County shall provide an applicant with pre-approval training or shall require that an applicant attend pre-approval training provided by qualified sources that may include colleges, hospitals, foster parent associations, adult schools, and certified foster parent instructors.
 - (1) When a County does not provide the pre-approval training, the County shall provide an applicant with information as to where the training is available.

06-06: Written Assessment

- (a) A County shall complete a written assessment for the applicant.
- (b) A copy of the written assessment shall be:
 - (1) Provided to the applicant.
 - (2) Retained in the County case file.
- (c) The written assessment shall be a summary, analysis, and determination of an applicant's capacity to foster, adopt, or provide legal guardianship of a child or nonminor dependent based on all the information gathered through the application and assessment processes.
- (d) The written assessment of an applicant shall include:
 - (1) A summary of the results of the comprehensive assessment pursuant to Section 06-01.
 - (2) Identifying information about the applicant and any children and adults living in the home.
 - (3) The reasons the applicant pursued becoming a Resource Family.
 - (4) A summary and evaluation of the applicant's personal history.
 - (5) The results of the background checks on the applicant and any other adults in the home, to include:
 - (A) Exemptions granted.
 - (B) Results of the background checks.
 - (6) Risk assessment pursuant to Section 06-04(d)(3), if applicable.
 - (7) A summary of or documentation verifying pre-approval training was completed by the applicant.
 - (8) Determination of the applicant's commitment and capability to meet the needs of a child or nonminor dependent placed in his or her home to include, but not be limited to:
 - (A) Strengths and weaknesses of the applicant.
 - (B) Preference of type of care the applicant would like to provide adoption, legal guardianship, or foster care.
 - (C) Understanding of the needs, safety, permanence, and well-being of children or nonminor dependents, including those who have been victims of abuse or neglect.

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- (D) Ability and willingness to participate in the Quality Parenting Initiative Partnership Plan.
- (9) Capacity determination. The number of children or nonminor dependents the applicant is capable of providing care.
- (10) An evaluation and determination of whether the applicant's home is safe and in compliance with the requirements contained in Section 06-03 and 10.
- (11) A summary of the applicant's understanding of the legal and financial responsibilities for providing care to a child or nonminor dependent.
- (12) A statement that the applicant has been provided with information about the foster care payment rates, Kin GAP, and Adoption Assistance Program (AAP).
- (13) The characteristics of a child or nonminor dependent the applicant may best serve.
- (14) Any resources, services, or training which would assist an applicant in meeting the needs of a child or nonminor dependent.
- (15) The determination of approval or denial of the application and the reasons for the determination.

SECTION 7: Placement Prior to Resource Family Approval

07-01: General

- (a) The provisions of this section outline the requirements an individual, couple, or family must meet to receive a placement of a child or nonminor dependent prior to Resource Family Approval.
- (b) Placement of a child or nonminor dependent may be made prior to Resource Family Approval, if either of the following situations apply:
 - (1) The placement is made with a relative or NREFM on an emergency basis.
 - (2) There is a compelling reason for the placement based on the needs of the child or nonminor dependent.
- (c) In addition to the requirements in Section 07-02 and 07-03, an individual, couple, or family who receives a child prior to approval shall meet all the requirements in Sections 06-01, 06-02, 06-03, 06-04, and 06-05 in order to be approved as a Resource Family.
- (d) Placement of a child or nonminor dependent pursuant to Section 07-02 or 07-03 does not ensure approval as a Resource Family.

07-02: Emergency Placement with Relative or Nonrelative Extended Family Member

- (a) Prior to the emergency placement of a child or nonminor dependent with a relative or NREFM, a County shall:
 - (1) Conduct a criminal records check of all adults living in the home pursuant to Welfare

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- and Institutions Code section 16504.5.
- (2) Consider the results of a Child Abuse Central Index check consistent with Health and Safety Code section 1522.1 for all adults living in the home.
 - (3) Inspect the home and grounds and determine that they are free of conditions that may pose an undue risk to health and safety of the child or nonminor dependent.
- (b) Within five business days after a child or nonminor dependent is placed with a relative or NREFM, a County shall:
- (1) Ensure the relative/NREFM completes an application and provides supporting documentation.
 - (2) Conduct a face-to-face interview with each relative or NREFM applicant and each child or nonminor dependent placed in the home.
 - (3) Perform a home environment assessment pursuant to 06-03.
 - (A) A County shall document when the home environment assessment of the relative or NREFM applicant is conducted pursuant to 06-03 in the case file by using form RFA-03: Resource Family Home Environment Checklist.
 - (B) If necessary, require the relative or nonrelative extended family member to obtain a fire clearance for the home as required by Section 06-03.4.
- (c) Within ten business days after a child or nonminor dependent is placed with a relative or NREFM, the County shall conduct a background check assessment of the relative or NREFM applicant pursuant to Section 06-02(a)(1)-(7).
- (d) A County shall complete a permanency assessment pursuant to 06-04 within 90 calendar days of the date the child or nonminor dependent was placed with a relative or NREFM, unless good cause exists.
 - (1) If good cause exists, the County shall document the reasons for the delay and generate a timeframe for completion.
- (e) The relative or NREFM applicant is not eligible for an Aid to Families with Dependent Children-Foster Care payment until the applicant completes pre-approval training, complies with the Written Directives, receives Resource Family Approval, and meets any other Title IV-E eligibility criteria.

07-03: Placement Based on Compelling Reason

- (a) Prior to placing a child or nonminor dependent with an applicant for a compelling reason, a County shall:
- (1) Conduct a home environment assessment of the applicant pursuant to Section 06-03 and 10.
 - (2) Complete the risk assessment of the applicant pursuant to 06-04(d)(3).
 - (3) Conduct background checks of the applicant and all adults living in the home pursuant to 06-02.

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- (b) After the placement of a child or nonminor dependent with an applicant based on a compelling reason, a County shall complete a permanency assessment and ensure pre-approval training is completed within 90 calendar days of the date the child or nonminor dependent was placed in the home, unless good cause exists.
 - (1) If good cause exists, the County shall document the reasons for the delay and generate a timeframe for completion.
- (c) When placement is made based on compelling reason, the applicant is not eligible for an Aid to Families with Dependent Children-Foster Care payment until the applicant completes pre-approval training, complies with the Written Directives, receives Resource Family Approval, and meets any other Title IV-E eligibility criteria.

07-04: Documented Alternative Plan

- (a) On a case-by-case basis, a County may approve a Documented Alternative Plan (DAP) for a non-safety home environment standard for Resource Family Approval in a relative home for a specific relative child in care.
- (b) The County shall ensure that the DAP:
 - (1) Provides equal protection in terms of safety, sanitation, and civil rights.
 - (2) Demonstrates how the intent of the Written Directives will be met.
 - (2) Would not be detrimental to the health and safety of any child or nonminor dependent in the home.
 - (3) Is submitted to the County as a written request from the Resource Family together with evidence supporting the request.
- (c) The County shall provide a copy of the DAP to an applicant or a Resource Family.

SECTION 8: Annual Update, Post Approval Training, and Rescinding Approval

08-01: Annual Update of Resource Families

- (a) On an annual basis, a County shall update the approval of a Resource Family by using form RFA-06: Resource Family Annual Update.
- (b) As part of the annual approval update, a County shall:
 - (1) Ask the Resource Family to verify that all information on the approved application is current and updated.
 - (2) Conduct a home environment assessment to ensure compliance with Section 10.
 - (3) Verify that a subsequent arrest notification (rap back) service is in place for all adults living in the home.
 - (4) If there are new adults in the home, a background clearance must be completed for

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- (5) each new adult living in the home, including a subsequent arrest notification service. Report and address any significant changes to the information described in Section 06-04 (d) the permanency assessment.
 - (6) Interview all individuals living in the home.
 - (7) If an individual is unavailable or refuses to be interviewed, a County shall document the reasons why, and determine whether to re-approve based on the circumstances given.
 - (8) Ensure post-approval training has been completed.
 - (A) If training is not current and complete, the County shall develop a plan for compliance.
- (c) A County shall require a Resource Family to submit an updated application to the County at the following times:
- (1) Any change that affects the capacity of the home.
 - (2) A permanent change in a child or nonminor dependent placed in the home from ambulatory to non-ambulatory.
 - (3) Any move of the home within the County, to another participating County, or returning to the approving County.
- (d) The County shall provide Resource Families with post-approval training provided by qualified sources that may include those listed in Section 06-05(d).
- (e) A County shall provide a copy of the annual update to the Resource Family upon completion.
- (f) A Resource Family maintains his or her approval status until approval is rescinded by the County.

08-02: Post-Approval Training

- (a) A County shall provide Resource Families with post-approval training, provided by qualified sources that may include those listed in Section 06-05(d).

08-03: Rescinding and Denying Approval of a Resource Family

- (a) A County may deny an application or rescind approval for any of the following reasons:
 - (1) Serious violation by the Resource Family of any applicable law or the Written Directives.
 - (2) Aiding, abetting, or permitting the serious violation of any applicable law or the Written Directives.
 - (3) Conduct which is inimical to the health, morals, welfare, or safety of any individual.
 - (4) The conviction of the Resource Family, at any time before or during his or her

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- approval, of a crime as defined in Section 1522.
- (5) Engaging in acts of financial malfeasance concerning the operation of the Resource Family, including but not limited to, improper use or embezzlement of the money or property of a child or nonminor dependent or fraudulent appropriation for personal gain of money or property, or willful or negligent failure to provide services.
- (b) Additional ground for denial of a Resource Family application may include:
- (1) Failure to meet applicant qualifications.
 - (2) Inability to provide adequate references.
 - (3) Incomplete application.
 - (4) Failure to attend pre-approval training.
 - (5) Failure to receive a criminal clearance or exemptions.
 - (6) Failure to meet the home environment assessment standards.
 - (7) Inadequate permanency assessment results.
- (c) A County shall provide a Resource Family with due process as specified in Section 11.
- (d) A Resource Family shall lose its approval status if it moves to a county that is not participating in the Resource Family Approval Program. Since the loss of approval status does not constitute a rescission, the Resource Family is not entitled to due process as specified in Section 11.
- (e) If an approved Resource Family moves to a nonparticipating county, the new county of residence shall deem the family approved for licensing, relative and nonrelative extended family member approval, guardianship, and adoption purposes, under the following conditions:
- (1) The new home and grounds, outdoor activity areas, and storage areas meet applicable standards, unless the family is subject to a corrective action plan.
 - (2) There has been a criminal record clearance of all adults residing in the home and exemptions granted, using the exemption criteria currently used for foster care licensing, as specified in subdivision (g) of Section 1522 of the Health and Safety Code.
 - (A) A program-affiliated individual who moves to a nonparticipating county may not transfer his or her subsequent arrest notification from a participating county to the nonparticipating county.

SECTION 9: Monitoring, Investigation, and Oversight

09-01: Monitoring Resource Families

- (a) A County shall monitor Resource Families through the following:
- (1) Conducting annual updates as required by Section 08-01.
 - (2) Conducting periodic evaluations and home environment assessments, as

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- necessary.
 - (3) Investigating complaints against a Resource Family.
 - (4) Developing corrective action plans to correct identified deficiencies.
 - (5) Requiring a Resource Family to comply with corrective action plans.
- (b) A County shall ensure that a social worker, who identifies a condition that may adversely impact the health and safety of a child or nonminor dependent, takes appropriate actions and reports his or her observations to the County Resource Family Project Manager.
- (c) The Department shall monitor that a County is:
- (1) Investigating complaints.
 - (2) Identifying deficiencies in Resource Families that do not comply with applicable law and the Written Directives.
 - (3) Developing and monitoring corrective action plans to address any deficiencies.
 - (4) Denying applications or rescinding approvals, consistent with Section 08-03.
 - (5) Conducting Resource Family Approval annual updates.

09-02: Investigating Complaints and Serious Incident Reports

- (a) A County shall investigate:
- (1) All complaints against a Resource Family and take action as necessary.
 - (2) Any serious incidents reported by a Resource Family pursuant to Section 10-06.
- (b) A County shall conduct a home visit to a Resource Family within 10 calendar days of receipt of a complaint against a Resource Family home.
- (c) Complaints and serious incidents shall be investigated by a worker who did not perform the Resource Family Approval, unless adequate resources are not available.
- (1) If a County finds it necessary to have a worker, who performed the approval, investigate a complaint against the Resource Family, the County shall ensure that the investigation is reviewed by a supervising county staff member.
- (d) A County shall ensure that all investigations of child abuse or neglect are carried out in accordance with California Code of Regulations, Title 11, Section 930.54.
- (e) The social worker of a child placed with a Resource Family shall not conduct the investigation of a complaint.
- (f) Investigations by a County shall include, but not be limited to:
- (1) Home environment assessments.
 - (2) Interviews of victims, suspects, and witnesses.
 - (3) Obtaining and reviewing records whenever necessary to establish compliance with applicable laws and the Written Directives. .

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- (g) At the conclusion of a complaint investigation, the final disposition of the complaint shall be reviewed and approved by a supervising county staff member.
- (h) A County shall notify the Department within 72 hours of serious complaints, serious incidents, or any incident involving Resource Families that falls within the definition of Penal Code section 11165.5.
 - (1) If serious complaints, serious incidents, or incidents that fall within Penal Code section 11165.5 result in an investigation by the County, the Department shall also be notified of the status and disposition of the investigation.
- (i) A County shall maintain a complaint log, which shall be available for review by the Department, and which shall contain the following information for each complaint:
 - (1) The Resource Family involved.
 - (2) The complaint allegation.
 - (3) Date the complaint is received.
 - (4) Identity of the investigator.
 - (5) Whether the investigator is the worker who performed the approval.
 - (6) If applicable, date the complaint is referred to the Investigation Unit of the County.
 - (7) Date the 10-day visit to the Resource Family is due.
 - (8) Date the visit is made.
 - (9) Disposition of each complaint allegation.
 - (10) If the complaint cannot be resolved within 30 days after the initial home visit, a notation that further investigation is required.

09-03: Oversight of the Resource Family Approval Program

- (a) The Department shall provide ongoing oversight of a County's operations related to the Resource Family Approval program.
- (b) The Department shall provide a County with periodic training, as appropriate, to ensure proper administration by the counties.
- (c) The Department may, without prior notice, inspect, review, and monitor implementation of the program in a county, including all activities, procedures, records, and forms related to the program.
- (d) The Department shall review a random sample of Resource Families in a County for compliance with the Written Directives, which may include a home environment visit.
 - (3) The Department's review shall and include the following Resource Family information:
 - (A) Application.
 - (B) Background checks, including any exemptions.
 - (C) Annual Updates.
 - (D) Complaints and Investigations.

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- (E) Enforcement Actions and Administrative Reviews.
 - (F) Reports of serious complaints and incidents involving resource families.
 - (G) Any other information deemed necessary to evaluate compliance with applicable laws and the Written Directives.
-
- (e) The Department's review shall occur on an annual basis or more often if the Department becomes aware that a County is experiencing a disproportionate number of complaints against individual Resource Families.
 - (f) The Department may conduct an independent review of complaints or incidents and change the findings depending on the results of the Department investigation.
 - (g) The Department may investigate unresolved complaints against a County.
 - (h) The Department shall require a County to comply with corrective action if it is not operating the program in accordance with the applicable laws and the Written Directives.
 - (i) A County shall perform corrective actions to correct program deficiencies within the time approved by the Department.
 - (j) A County shall assess County performance in related areas of the California Child and Family Services Review System and remedy identified problems.
 - (k) A County shall conduct additional interface with the Department as necessary in the course of the program, including the following:
 - (1) Providing the Department with timely, and when requested, immediate access to any written information, files, and data pertaining to the program as determined by the Department.
 - (2) Responding in a timely manner, or immediately as requested by the Department, to requests, inquiries, and meetings.
 - (3) Notifying the Department in writing when a County is not complying, or believes that a County is unable to comply with the applicable laws, the Written Directives, and describe the circumstances resulting in the non-compliance.

SECTION 10: Requirements for Resource Families

10-01: Home and Grounds

- (a) The home and grounds of an applicant or a Resource Family shall meet the following requirements:
 - (1) The home shall be clean, safe, sanitary, and in good repair.
 - (2) Except for a home with a sprinkler system, a home shall have an approved,

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- commercially manufactured, and functioning smoke detector installed in the hallway of each sleeping area in the home. The smoke detectors shall be audible in each bedroom.
- (3) All outdoor and indoor passageways, stairways, inclines, ramps, and open porches in and on the grounds of the home shall be free of obstruction.
 - (4) At least one toilet, sink, and tub or shower shall be maintained in a safe, clean, and operating condition.
 - (A) Bathrooms shall be located inside the home.
 - (B) Faucets to be used by a child or nonminor dependent for personal care and grooming shall deliver hot water at a safe temperature.
 - (C) Individual privacy shall be available in all toilet, bath, and shower areas.
 - (5) Fireplaces, open-faced heaters, or woodstoves shall be maintained to ensure safety.
 - (6) A safe and comfortable temperature shall be maintained in the home.
 - (7) There shall be lighting as necessary in all rooms and other areas of the home and grounds to ensure comfort and safety.
 - (8) **BEDROOMS:** Bedrooms in the home shall meet, at a minimum, the following requirements:
 - (A) No more than two children or two nonminor dependents, or one child and one nonminor dependent, may share a bedroom.
 - (B) In bedrooms shared by a Resource Family and infant, no more than two infants shall share the room.
 - (C) Children of opposite sexes shall not share a bedroom unless:
 - (i) Each child is under five years of age.
 - (ii) Upon request from a transgender child or transgender child's authorized representative, a Resource Family may permit a transgender boy to share a bedroom with a boy or a transgender girl to share a bedroom with a girl.
 - a. A Resource Family shall evaluate the compatibility, health and safety, and the best interests of each child in determining whether to permit the children to share a bedroom.
 - b. A Resource Family should consult with the transgender child about what information the child wishes to disclose and to whom, and should not disclose information about the child's gender identity against the child's wishes, unless compelled to do so by law or court order.
 - (D) A child and nonminor dependent may share a bedroom under the following circumstances:
 - (i) The child and nonminor dependent are siblings.
 - (ii) The child and nonminor dependent have been sharing a bedroom prior to the nonminor turning 18 and remain compatible to share the bedroom.
 - (iii) A nonminor dependent parent may share a bedroom with his or her child of the opposite sex.
 - (iv) The child is 16 years of age or older.

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- (E) No room that is commonly used for other purposes shall be used as a bedroom. Such rooms shall include but not be limited to, halls, stairways, unfinished attics or basements, garages, storage areas, sheds, or similar detached buildings.
 - (F) A room commonly used for other purposes that is converted to a bedroom may be used as a bedroom if the converted bedroom does not pose a hazard to health and safety. If a County suspects that there is a hazard to health and safety, a Resource Family may be required to have the converted bedroom inspected by a local building inspector.
 - (G) No bedroom shall be used as a public passageway to another room.
 - (H) Each bedroom shall have at least one operable window or door that ensures safe, direct, emergency exit to the outside. If security window bars are used, the window is considered operable only if the window bars have a safety release device that meets all state and local requirements. If the home of a Resource Family is in a high-rise building, the Resource Family is subject to the rules and regulations set forth by the State Fire Marshal.
 - (I) Each child or nonminor dependent shall be provided with an individual bed which is equipped with a clean and comfortable mattress, clean linens, blankets, and pillows, as needed, all in good repair.
 - (i) Linen shall be changed at least once per week or more often when necessary to ensure that clean linen is in use at all times.
 - (ii) Beds shall be arranged to allow easy passage between beds and easy entrance into the room.
 - (J) Bunk beds of more than two tiers shall not be used.
 - (1) Bunk beds shall have railings on both sides of the upper tier to prevent falling.
 - (2) A child under six years of age or who is unable to climb into or out of the upper tier unassisted shall not be permitted to use the upper tier.
 - (K) Each infant, or child requiring a crib, shall be provided with a safe and sturdy bassinet or crib as appropriate to the age and size of the infant or child. The following shall apply to cribs:
 - (1) Tiered or stacked cribs, or cribs with drop sides, may not be used.
 - (2) Crib slats may not pose the danger of an infant or child being trapped.
 - (3) Crib mattresses shall be clean, comfortable, and fit properly in the crib.
 - (4) Linen shall be changed at least once per week or more often when necessary to ensure that clean linen is in use at all times.
 - (5) An infant or child who can climb out of a crib shall be provided with an age-appropriate bed.
 - (L) Each bedroom shall have portable or permanent closets and drawer space to accommodate the child's or nonminor dependent's clothing and personal belongings.
- (b) A Resource Family who intends to accept a child or nonminor dependent with a developmental, mental, or physical disability shall make necessary modifications to the home and grounds to provide protection and assistance and to maximize the potential of a child or nonminor dependent for self-sufficiency.

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10-02: Outdoor Activity Space

- (a) If a Resource Family provides a yard or outdoor activity space, the Resource Family shall comply with the following requirements:
 - (1) A yard or outdoor activity space shall be free from hazards that endanger the health and safety of a child or a nonminor dependent.

- (b) An applicant or a Resource Family shall ensure that swimming pools, fixed-in-place wading pools, hot tubs, spas, or similar bodies of water are inaccessible if he or she accepts placement of any of the following individuals:
 - (1) A child under 10 years of age.
 - (2) A child, who is developmentally, mentally, or physically disabled.
 - (3) Nonminor dependent, who is developmentally, mentally, or physically disabled.
 - (4) A minor or nonminor dependent parent's child, who is developmentally, mentally, or physically disabled.

- (c) A Resource Family shall use the reasonable and prudent parent standard, as set forth in Section 10-12, when deciding whether a child should have access to fish ponds, fountains, creeks, and similar bodies of water.

- (d) A Resource Family shall ensure the inaccessibility of swimming pools, fixed in-place wading pools, hot tubs, spas, or similar bodies of water by using at least one of the safety features described in subsections (A) or (B):
 - (A) The pool shall be isolated from access to the home by an enclosure, as defined in Health and Safety Code section 115921, and as specified in Health and Safety Code section 115923 and does not obscure the pool from view.
 - (1) If removable mesh pool fencing is used as the enclosure as provided in Health and Safety Code section 115922(a)(2), an applicant or a Resource Family shall ensure that it is installed and maintained according to the manufacturer's specifications.
 - (B) The pool shall be equipped with an approved safety pool cover.
 - (1) A pool safety net that meets the American Society for Testing and Materials specifications (F 1346) is considered an approved safety pool cover.
 - (2) Pool covers shall be supported by flotation devices.
 - (C) When a County determines that it is not possible for a Resource Family to comply with subsections (A) or (B), the home shall be equipped with exit alarms on doors and windows that provide direct access to the pool.
 - (D) A Resource Family may use other means of protection, if the degree of protection afforded is equal to or greater than any of the devices described in subsections (A) to (C). The other means of protection shall be approved in writing by a County.
 - (E) If the home has an above-ground pool, the pool shall be made inaccessible when not in use by removing or making the ladder inaccessible, and if the pool is less than 60 inches in height, by the use of an enclosure. Any enclosure, whether or not it includes the above-ground pool structure itself, shall meet the requirements of

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- subsection (d)(A).
- (F) All pools that cannot be emptied after each use shall have an operative pump and filtering system.
- (e) A Resource Family shall ensure that an adult who is able to swim provides supervision at all times when a child, including any individual listed in subsection (b), is using a pool or a body of water in case rescue of the child is required.

10-03: Storage Requirements

- (a) Except as specified in subsections (c) and (d), a Resource Family shall store medicines, disinfectants and cleaning solutions where they are inaccessible to a child or nonminor dependent.
- (b) A Resource Family shall store poisons, firearms, and other dangerous items or weapons in a locked storage area.
- (1) In lieu of locked storage of firearms, a Resource Family may use trigger locks or remove the firing pin.
- (2) Ammunition and firing pins shall be stored and locked separately from firearms.
- (c) A Resource Family shall apply the reasonable and prudent parent standard in determining if it is age and developmentally appropriate for a child to have access to and use the following items:
- (1) Household kitchen knives and appliances for use in meal preparation.
- (2) Medications necessary for self-administration by the child.
- (3) Disinfectants and cleaning solutions for use in performing household chores.
- (d) A Resource Family shall permit a nonminor dependent to have access to the following items:
- (1) Household kitchen knives and appliances for use in meal preparation.
- (2) Medications necessary for self-administration by the nonminor dependent.
- (3) Disinfectants and cleaning solutions for use in performing household chores.
- (e) In allowing a child or a nonminor dependent to access and use the items specified in subsections (c) and (d), a Resource Family shall ensure that the safety of a child, a nonminor dependent, and others in the home is maintained.
- (f) A Resource Family shall store and dispose of waste in a manner that will not permit the transmission of communicable disease or odors, create a nuisance, or provide a breeding place or food source for insects or rodents.

10-04: Fire Clearance

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- (a) A Resource Family shall have any necessary fire clearance for his or her home when the Resource Family intends to provide care to:
 - (1) A child or nonminor dependent who is non-ambulatory.
 - (2) More than six children or nonminor dependents in the home.
- (b) If a fire clearance for a home is necessary, a Resource Family shall obtain a fire clearance from the city or County fire department, district providing fire protection services, or State Fire Marshal's Office that has jurisdiction in the area where the home is located and provide a copy of the fire clearance to the County.

10-05: Emergency Procedures

- (a) A Resource Family shall place emergency telephone numbers in a prominent location in the home.
- (b) A Resource Family shall ensure that an occasional short-term babysitter and an alternative caregiver knows where the emergency numbers are located.
- (c) At the time of placement of a child or nonminor dependent with a Resource Family, and every six months after placement, the Resource Family shall discuss and practice emergency procedures for the home with the child or nonminor dependent as age and developmentally appropriate.
- (d) A Resource Family shall review the emergency procedures with an occasional short-term babysitter or an alternative caregiver.

10-06: Reporting Requirements

- (a) A Resource Family shall make a report to the County and the placement agency for a child or a nonminor dependent when any of the following events occur:
 - (1) Death of a child or a nonminor dependent.
 - (2) Any suspected child abuse or neglect, as defined in Penal Code section 11165.6, or any suspected physical, sexual, or emotional abuse of a child or a nonminor dependent.
 - (3) Any injury to or illness of a child or a nonminor dependent that requires emergency medical or mental health treatment or hospitalization.
 - (4) Any incident that involves a child or a nonminor dependent and threatens the physical or emotional health or safety of the child, the nonminor dependent, or any individual in the home.
 - (5) Any unusual absence of a child or, for a nonminor dependent, any prolonged absence or failure of the nonminor dependent to return to the home that lasts more than 72 hours.
 - (6) Removal of a child or a nonminor dependent from the home under emergency

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circumstances, which may include:

- (A) Removal by a law enforcement officer when a child or nonminor dependent is arrested.
 - (B) Removal for emergency medical or mental health care.
 - (7) Relocation by the authorized representative for a child or nonminor dependent.
 - (8) Communicable disease outbreak as reported to the Resource Family by a health professional or by the local health authority.
 - (9) Poisonings, which shall also be reported immediately to the local fire authority.
 - (A) If a Resource Family is located in an area that does not have organized fire services, the Resource Family shall make a report to the State Fire Marshal within 24 hours after the event occurs.
 - (10) Fires or explosions which occur in or on the premises of the home.
 - (11) If the Resource Family operates a family day care home as defined in Health and Safety Code section 1596.78.
 - (12) All changes in the composition of the Resource family household, including, but not limited to:
 - (A) Any additions to the Resource Family, including when the Resource Family becomes a legal guardian or conservator for any child or other person.
 - (B) Any adult moving in or out of the home.
 - (C) Except for a child or a nonminor dependent under the jurisdiction of the court and placed by a county, anyone living in the home who reaches his or her 18th birthday.
- (b) A Resource Family shall make the report required in subsection (a) by telephone, e-mail, or fax within 24 hours after the event occurs or within the next business day for the County and the next business day for the placement agency for a child or a nonminor dependent.
- (c) A Resource Family shall submit a written report to the County and the placement agency for a child or a nonminor dependent when any of the events specified in subsections (a)(1) through (11) occur and the initial report was made by telephone or did not include all of the information required on the written report. This written report shall be submitted within seven calendar days after the event occurs and include the following information:
- (1) The name, age, gender, and date of admission of the child or nonminor dependent.
 - (2) Date and nature of the incident.
 - (3) Attending physician's name, findings, and treatment, if any.
 - (4) Current status of the incident.
- (d) When there is a change in the mailing address for a Resource Family that does not also include a change in the location of the home, the Resource Family shall notify the County and the placement agency for a child or a nonminor dependent by telephone, e-mail, or fax within ten (10) business days following the change.
- (e) When there is a change in the location of the home, a Resource Family shall notify the County and the placement agency for a child or a nonminor dependent by telephone, e-mail, or fax 30 calendar days prior to the move or as soon as the information is available.

10-07: Records for Children and Nonminor Dependents

- (a) A Resource Family shall maintain separate, complete, and current records in the home for a child. The child's file shall include the following records:
 - (1) The name of the child, birth date, and date of placement in the home.
 - (2) A summary of the health and education information and records, including mental health information or records as described in Welfare and Institutions Code section 16010.
 - (3) The Resource Family shall be responsible for maintaining information and records provided by physicians and educators including, but not limited to, immunization records and any official grade or progress reports.
 - (4) Written authorization for the Resource Family to obtain medical and dental care in an emergency if the placement agency cannot be reached.
 - (5) The needs and services plan for the child.
 - (6) Itemized inventory list of cash resources, personal property, and valuables of the child.

- (b) A Resource Family shall maintain separate, complete, and current records in the home for a nonminor dependent. The nonminor dependent's file shall include the following records:
 - (1) The name of the nonminor dependent, birth date, and date of placement in the home.
 - (2) The pre-placement appraisal as described in Health and Safety Code section 1501.1(d).
 - (3) The transitional independent living plan.
 - (4) If the cash resources, personal property, and valuables of the nonminor dependent are entrusted to the Resource Family, then an itemized inventory list of these items.
 - (5) A copy of the personal rights accorded to a nonminor dependent.

- (c) A nonminor dependent shall have access to his or her records in a manner that ensures the confidentiality of other records maintained in the home.

- (d) A Resource Family is not responsible for obtaining and maintaining the nonminor dependent's health and educational information, but may assist the nonminor dependent with any recordkeeping that the nonminor dependent requests of the Resource Family. This health and education information may include, but not be limited to:
 - (1) School records.
 - (2) Immunization records.
 - (3) Medical records.

- (e) Upon the request of a nonminor dependent, a Resource Family shall assist the nonminor dependent in obtaining and keeping his or her own records. These records may include, but not be limited to:
 - (1) A certified birth certificate.

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- (2) A Social Security card.
 - (3) A California or other state identification card or driver's license.
 - (4) A proof of citizenship or residency status; or for an alien, evidence of an approved petition for special immigrant juvenile status pursuant to Title 8, C.F.R. Section 204.11.
 - (5) Death certificates of parents, if applicable.
 - (6) A proof of county dependency status for education aid applications.
 - (7) Written information concerning the nonminor dependent's dependency case including: information about the nonminor dependent's family history; the nonminor dependent's placement history; the names, phone numbers, and addresses of siblings and other relatives; the procedures for inspecting the documents described under Welfare and Institutions Code section 827; and information regarding jurisdiction termination hearings and the potential consequences of a failure to attend.
- (f) All records for a child specified in subsection (a) or a nonminor dependent specified in subsection (b) shall be available to the County or to the Department to inspect, audit, and copy upon demand during business hours. Records may be removed if necessary for copying. Removal of records shall be subject to the following requirements:
- (1) The County or Department representative may not remove any current emergency or health-related records unless the same information is otherwise readily available in another document or format.
 - (2) Prior to removing any records, the County or Department representative shall prepare a list of the records to be removed, sign and date the list upon removal of the records, and leave a copy of the list with the Resource Family.
 - (3) The County or Department representative shall return the records to the home undamaged and in good order within three business days following the date the records were removed.
- (g) If a child or nonminor dependent is removed or discharged from the home, a Resource Family shall distribute the child's or nonminor dependent's records as follows:
- (1) The child's or nonminor dependent's placement agency shall receive originals and any copies of all records.
 - (2) The child's or nonminor dependent's authorized representative, if applicable, shall receive copies of all records.
 - (3) The nonminor dependent shall receive copies of all records.
- (h) A Resource Family shall maintain all information and records regarding a child or nonminor dependent in a confidential manner and not disclose any confidential information except as otherwise authorized by law.

10-08: Personal Rights

- (a) A Resource Family shall ensure that each child and each nonminor dependent is accorded

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the personal rights specified in Welfare and Institutions Code section 16001.9.

- (b) In addition, a Resource Family shall ensure that each child is accorded the following personal rights:
- (1) To be free from corporal or unusual punishment; infliction of pain; humiliation; intimidation; ridicule; coercion; threat; physical, sexual, mental, or other abuse; or other actions of a punitive nature including interference with the daily living functions of eating, sleeping, or toileting, or withholding of shelter, clothing, medication, or aids to physical functioning.
 - (2) To make and receive confidential telephone calls and send and receive unopened mail and electronic communication, unless prohibited by court order.
 - (A) Unless prohibited by court order or the placement agency for the child, a child may acquire, possess, and use his or her own cellular telephone.
 - (3) To have access to letter writing material.
 - (4) To be accorded dignity in his or her personal relationships with other persons in the home.
 - (5) To be free from unreasonable searches of person.
 - (6) Not to be restrained or placed in any restraining device.
 - (7) To be provided with and allowed to acquire, possess, and use adequate personal items, which includes his or her own:
 - (A) Clothes, provided the clothes are age-appropriate, do not violate school standards when worn during school activities, and are in accordance with the gender identity of the child.
 - (B) Toiletries and personal hygiene products, including enclosed razors used for shaving, as age and developmentally appropriate.
 - (C) Belongings, including items that were a gift to the child.
 - (8) Provided the rights of others are not infringed upon, to have visitors that include:
 - (A) Relatives, unless prohibited by court order.
 - (B) The authorized representative for the child.
 - (C) Other visitors, unless prohibited by court order or by the authorized representative for the child.
 - (9) To be informed, and to have his or her authorized representative informed, by the Resource Family of the provisions of law regarding complaints, the address and telephone number of the County, and about the confidentiality of complaints.
 - (10) To be accorded the independence appropriate to the age, maturity, and capability of the child consistent with the child's needs and services plan or the Transitional Independent Living Plan (TILP), if applicable.
 - (11) To have private or personal information, including any medical condition or treatment, psychiatric diagnosis or treatment, history of abuse, educational records, and information relating to the biological family of the child, maintained in confidence.
 - (A) A Resource Family shall disclose information about the child to his or her biological family, Juvenile Court, the child's social worker, placement worker, probation officer, physician, psychiatrist, CASA, attorney, authorized representative, and County, unless such disclosure is prohibited by court

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- order.
- (B) As needed to ensure appropriate care, supervision, or education of the child, a Resource Family shall disclose information to respite care providers, occasional short-term babysitters, alternative caregivers, school officials, and other persons, unless such disclosure is prohibited by court order.
- (c) In addition, a Resource Family shall ensure that each nonminor dependent is accorded the following personal rights:
- (1) The rights specified in subsections (b)(1) through (6).
 - (2) To be provided with and allowed to acquire, possess, maintain, and use adequate personal items which include his or her own:
 - (A) Clothes.
 - (B) Toiletries and personal hygiene products.
 - (C) Belongings, including gifts to the nonminor dependent, furniture, equipment, and supplies, for his or her personal living space in accordance with his or her interests, needs, and tastes.
 - (3) To have adequate privacy for visitors that include:
 - (A) Relatives, unless prohibited by court order.
 - (B) The placement agency.
 - (C) Other visitors, unless prohibited by court order.
 - (4) To be informed by the Resource Family of the provisions of law regarding complaints, the address and telephone number of the County, and about the confidentiality of complaints.
 - (5) To have the independence appropriate to the status of a nonminor dependent as a legal adult, consistent with the needs and services plan or the Transitional Independent Living Plan for the nonminor dependent.
 - (6) To have private or personal information, including any medical condition or treatment, psychiatric diagnosis or treatment, history of abuse, educational records, and information relating to the biological family of the nonminor dependent, maintained in confidence.
 - (A) There shall be no release of confidential information without the prior written consent of a nonminor dependent, and this information must only be released to the extent permitted by law.
 - (i) A Resource Family shall, with the consent of a nonminor dependent, only disclose relevant and necessary information about the nonminor dependent.
 - (i.) A Resource Family shall disclose information about a nonminor dependent to the biological family, Juvenile Court, the nonminor dependent's social worker, placement worker, probation officer, physician, psychiatrist, CASA, attorney, authorized representative, and County, unless such disclosure is prohibited by court order.
 - (ii.) As needed to ensure appropriate care, supervision, or education of a nonminor dependent, a Resource Family shall disclose information to school officials and other persons, unless such disclosure is prohibited by court order.

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- (7) To access information regarding available educational, training, and employment options of his or her choosing.
 - (8) To select, obtain, prepare, and store food of his or her own choosing.
 - (9) To select, obtain, or decline medical, dental, vision, and mental health care and related services at his or her discretion.
 - (10) To leave or depart the home at any time at his or her discretion.
 - (11) To acquire, possess, maintain, and use a personal vehicle for transportation.
 - (12) To acquire, possess, and use his or her cellular telephone.
- (d) In ensuring the rights of a child or a nonminor dependent, a Resource Family is not required to take any action that would impair the health and safety of a child, a nonminor dependent, or others in the home.
- (1) A Resource Family is not prohibited from taking the following actions for the protection of a child, a nonminor dependent, or others in the home:
 - (A) Establishing house rules, including rules regarding visitation that shall apply to all visitors.
 - (B) Locking exterior doors and windows as long as a child or a nonminor dependent can enter or exit the home.
- (e) At the following times, a Resource Family shall ensure a child or a nonminor dependent is verbally notified of his or her rights, as specified in this section and in Welfare and Institutions Code section 16001.9, and provided with a written copy of these rights and information regarding agencies a child or a nonminor dependent may contact concerning violation of these rights:
- (1) Upon placement in the home.
 - (2) Upon the request of a child or a nonminor dependent.

10-09: Telephones

- (a) A Resource Family shall have cellular telephone, Internet telephone, or landline telephone service in the home at all times.
- (b) Telephone service shall be accessible to a child or a nonminor dependent at all times.
- (c) A Resource Family is not required to purchase a cellular telephone for a child or nonminor dependent or pay for cellular telephone service.

10-10: Transportation

- (a) A Resource Family shall ensure that a child or a nonminor dependent is provided with transportation for the following situations:
 - (1) Health-related services.
 - (2) School.

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- (3) Extracurricular, enrichment, and social activities, provided the transportation to these activities is reasonable.
- (b) When determining if the transportation to an activity for a child or nonminor dependent is reasonable, the Resource Family may consider the location, frequency, cost for transportation, and time necessary to provide transportation.
- (c) A Resource Family shall ensure that all individuals who transport a child or a nonminor dependent use vehicles that are in safe operating condition.
- (d) A Resource Family is prohibited from smoking, or permitting any individual to smoke a pipe, cigar or cigarette containing tobacco or any other plant in a motor vehicle that is regularly used for providing transportation to a child or nonminor dependent.
- (e) A Resource Family shall ensure that a child is provided with transportation under the following additional conditions:
 - (1) A Resource Family may not allow a child to be transported by a person the Resource Family knows or reasonably should know does not have a valid California or other state driver's license.
 - (2) Transportation shall be provided in accordance with any other arrangements specified in the needs and services plan or Transitional Independent Living Plan for a child or included in the written placement agreement between a Resource Family and the placement agency.
- (f) A Resource Family shall ensure that a nonminor dependent is provided with transportation under the following additional conditions:
 - (1) Except for the transportation described in subsection (a), transportation shall be provided by arrangement between a Resource Family and the nonminor dependent.
 - (2) Transportation shall be provided in accordance with any the transitional independent living plan for the child or nonminor dependent.
 - (3) A nonminor dependent shall be permitted to arrange for his or her transportation.
 - (4) A nonminor dependent may, but shall not be required to, provide transportation to others.

10-11: Food and Nutrition

- (a) A Resource Family shall provide or ensure nutritious meals, snacks, and beverages and meet any special dietary needs documented in the needs and services plan for a child or a nonminor dependent, or as recommended by the physician of a child or a nonminor dependent.
 - (1) The quantity and quality of food available to household members shall be equally available to a child or a nonminor dependent.
- (b) A Resource Family shall invite a child or a nonminor dependent to participate in all

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household meals.

- (c) A Resource Family shall ensure that an infant, a child, and a nonminor dependent are provided:
 - (1) Age-appropriate food, snacks, and beverages.
 - (2) With at least three meals per day.
- (d) A Resource Family shall ensure that an infant is held during bottle-feeding. A bottle given to an infant able to hold his or her own bottle shall be unbreakable. A bottle may not be propped up for an infant.
- (e) A Resource Family may encourage a child, as age and developmentally appropriate, to learn meal preparation, but shall not require a child to prepare meals.
- (f) A Resource Family shall ensure that a nonminor dependent is provided with access to food, snacks, and beverages under the following additional conditions:
 - (1) As agreed upon with a Resource Family, a nonminor dependent shall be permitted to plan meals, grocery shop, and store and prepare food.
 - (2) A nonminor dependent shall have access to all meal preparation areas, appliances, and utensils for meal preparation.
 - (3) A nonminor dependent may, but shall not be required to, prepare meals for others.

10-12: Reasonable and Prudent Parent Standard

- (a) A Resource Family shall be responsible for applying the reasonable and prudent parent standard in providing care and supervision to a child.
 - (1) Except for circumstances that involve a child, the reasonable and prudent parent standard does not apply to a nonminor dependent.
 - (2) Applying the reasonable and prudent parent standard shall not result in denying the rights of a child as specified in Welfare and Institutions Code section 16001.9 or contradict court orders or the needs and services plan for the child.
- (b) In applying the reasonable and prudent parent standard, a Resource Family shall consider:
 - (1) The age, maturity, and developmental level of a child.
 - (2) The nature and inherent risks of harm of the activity.
 - (3) The best interests of a child based on information known by the Resource Family.
- (c) A Resource Family shall consider information provided or known about a child when determining the best interests of the child. This information includes the history, behavioral tendencies, mental and physical health, medications, abilities and limitations, developmental level of, and court orders for the child. The social worker, physician, counselor, and educator of a child are valuable resources for obtaining this information.

10-13: Responsibility for Providing Care and Supervision

- (a) A Resource Family shall provide care and supervision that meets the needs of a child or a nonminor dependent.
 - (1) If the Resource Family provides care for a minor or nonminor dependent parent and his or her child, the Resource Family shall work with the minor or nonminor dependent parent and a representative from the county child welfare agency or probation department to develop a shared responsibility plan as described in Welfare and Institutions Code sections 11465(d)(3) and 16501.25(b).
- (b) A Resource Family shall provide care and supervision in accordance with the needs and services plan of a child or nonminor dependent, the placement agreement, and transitional independent living plan, if applicable.
- (c) A Resource Family may arrange for other care and supervision of a child that includes:
 - (1) ***An occasional short-term babysitter.***
 - (A) If a Resource Family anticipates being absent from the home for no more than 24 hours at a time, on an occasional basis, the Resource Family is permitted to arrange for an occasional short-term babysitter to provide care and supervision to a child.
 - (B) A Resource Family shall apply the reasonable and prudent parent standard, as specified Section 10-12, in determining and selecting an appropriate babysitter for occasional short-term use.
 - (C) An occasional short-term babysitter may be under 18 years of age, but shall have the maturity, experience, and ability necessary to provide adequate care and supervision to a child.
 - (D) A child or a nonminor dependent may act as an occasional short-term babysitter. However, the caregiver shall apply the reasonable and prudent parent standard to determine whether that is appropriate. Under no circumstances shall a child or nonminor dependent be required to babysit.
 - (E) When a child is in the care of an occasional short-term babysitter, a Resource Family shall ensure that the babysitter knows how to contact the Resource Family in case of an emergency.
 - (2) ***An alternative caregiver.***
 - (A) If a Resource Family anticipates being absent from the home for longer than 24 hours, on an occasional basis, the Resource Family is permitted to arrange for an alternative caregiver to provide care and supervision to a child unless prohibited by the social worker, probation officer, or court order.
 - (B) A Resource Family shall apply the reasonable and prudent parent standard, as specified in Section 10-12, in determining and selecting an appropriate alternative caregiver.
 - (C) At a minimum, an alternative caregiver must:
 - (i) Be 18 or older.

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- (ii.) Have a background check that includes the following:
 - a. Child Abuse Central Index check pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 1522.1.
 - b. Fingerprint-based information check, which includes the receipt of a state and federal criminal offender record information search pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 1522.
 - c. Have the willingness and ability to comply with applicable laws and Section 10.
 - d. Have the willingness and ability to provide care and supervision to a child, taking into consideration the age, maturity, behavioral tendencies, mental and physical health, medications, abilities and limitations, developmental level of, and court orders for a child.
- (D) The care and supervision during a Resource Family's absence may occur in the Resource Family's home or an alternative caregiver's home.
 - (i.) If an alternative caregiver will provide care and supervision in his or her home, a Resource Family shall certify that the alternative caregiver's home complies with the of Section 10 and provides this certification to the County prior to the alternative caregiver providing care.
- (E) Prior to a Resource Family's absence from the home that will not exceed 72 hours, the Resource Family shall provide verbal or written notification to the social worker or probation officer for a child.
 - (i.) This notification shall include:
 - a. The dates the Resource Family plans to be absent from the home.
 - b. The name, telephone, and address, if applicable, of the alternative caregiver.
 - c. An emergency telephone number where the Resource Family can be reached in his or her absence.
- (F) Prior to a Resource Family's absence from the home that will exceed 72 hours, the Resource Family shall provide the notification specified in subsection (c)(2)(E) and receive prior approval of the absence from the social worker or probation officer for a child.
- (G) Before entrusting a child to an alternative caregiver, the Resource Family shall provide the alternative caregiver with the following information:
 - (i.) Information about the emotional, behavioral, medical, or physical conditions of a child, if any.
 - (ii.) Any medication that should be administered to a child during the time the child is being supervised by the alternative caregiver, consistent with instructions from the child's physician, when available.
 - (iii.) The name and telephone number of the social worker or probation officer for a child and the Resource Family's emergency contact information.
- (3) **Respite care.**
 - (A) A Resource Family may use respite care, which is not to exceed 72 hours

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- per session.
- (B) Respite care may be provided by a caregiver who is an approved relative or NREFM, a licensed foster family home or small family home, or a certified family home.
- (4) **Leaving a Child Alone.**
 - (A) A Resource Family may leave a child alone without adult supervision.
 - (B) If a Resource Family anticipates being absent from the home on an occasional basis, the Resource Family is permitted to leave a child alone without adult supervision, but may not leave a child unsupervised overnight.
 - (C) A Resource Family shall apply the reasonable and prudent parent standard as set forth in Section 10-12, to determine the appropriateness of leaving a child alone without adult supervision.
 - (D) Before leaving a child alone, a Resource Family shall ensure that the child knows the following:
 - (i) Where emergency numbers are posted.
 - (ii) Emergency procedures.
 - (iii) Where and how to contact the Resource Family.
- (5) **Licensed child care.**
 - (A) A Resource Family may arrange for a child to be cared for by a licensed child day care facility, as defined in Health and Safety Code section 1596.750, or a licensed family day care home, as defined in Health and Safety Code section 1596.78.
- (d) **Extracurricular, enrichment, and social activities.**
 - (1) A Resource Family may permit a child to participate in extracurricular, enrichment, and social activities as specified in Welfare and Institutions Code sections 362.05 or 727.
 - (2) A Resource Family shall apply the reasonable and prudent parent standard, as specified Section 10-12, in determining whether to give permission for a child to participate in an extracurricular, enrichment, and social activity.
- (e) A Resource Family who chooses to leave a child in a parked vehicle shall:
 - (1) Consider the requirements of Vehicle Code section 15620.
 - (2) Apply the reasonable and prudent parent standard, as specified in Section 10-12, to determine whether it is appropriate to leave a child in a parked vehicle.
- (f) A Resource Family is responsible for ensuring care and supervision of the children of a minor parent placed in the home.
 - (1) Direct care and supervision of the children of a minor parent is to be provided by a Resource Family during the hours that the minor parent is unavailable or unable to provide care and supervision.
- (g) Unless restricted by the needs and services plan or court order, a Resource Family shall

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permit and facilitate connections between a child and his or her relatives and nonrelative extended family members, and other caring and committed adults.

(1) In permitting and facilitating these connections, a Resource Family is not required to take any action that would impair the health and safety of the child.

(h) A Resource Family shall provide care and supervision to a nonminor dependent under the following additional requirements:

(1) A Resource Family shall provide care and supervision in accordance with a nonminor dependent's needs and services plan and Transitional Independent Living Plan.

(2) A Resource Family shall assist a nonminor dependent with developing the skills necessary for self-sufficiency, including the following:

(A) Financial literacy.

(B) Nutrition and healthy food choices, grocery shopping, and meal preparation.

(C) Identifying a suitable home and home maintenance.

(D) Child care.

(E) Automotive maintenance.

(F) Educational and career development.

(G) Obtaining medical, dental, vision, and mental health care.

(H) Access to community resources.

(I) Developing and reaching goals.

(J) Self-care, including laundry.

(K) Drug and alcohol abuse awareness and prevention.

(L) Safe sex and reproductive health information.

(3) A Resource Family may arrange for other care and supervision of a nonminor dependent as follows:

(A) If a Resource Family anticipates being absent from the home, the Resource Family is permitted to leave a nonminor dependent in the home alone and may leave a nonminor dependent in the home alone without adult supervision overnight.

(i.) In making the decision to leave the nonminor dependent home alone, a Resource Family shall maintain the health and safety of the nonminor dependent.

(ii.) A Resource Family shall consider the maturity, experience, and ability of a nonminor dependent when leaving the nonminor dependent in the home alone.

(iii.) Before leaving a nonminor dependent in the home alone, a Resource Family shall ensure that the nonminor dependent knows where and how to contact the Resource Family.

a. Where emergency telephone numbers are posted.

b. Emergency procedures.

c. Where and how to contact the Resource Family.

(B) Unless prohibited by the placement agency for a nonminor dependent, a Resource Family may leave a nonminor dependent in the home alone for more than 72 hours.

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- (i.) Prior to a Resource Family's absence from the home that will exceed 72 hours, the Resource Family shall provide verbal or written notification to, and receive prior approval from, the placement agency for the nonminor dependent.
- (ii.) This notification shall include:
 - a. The dates the Resource Family plans to be absent from the home.
 - b. An emergency telephone number where the Resource Family can be reached in their absence.
- (C) A Resource Family is responsible for ensuring that a nonminor dependent parent provides care and supervision for the nonminor dependent's children.
- (D) Unless restricted by the needs and services plan, Transitional Independent Living Plan, or court order, a Resource Family shall encourage a nonminor dependent to seek, select, and maintain permanent connections between the nonminor dependent and his or her relatives, nonrelative extended family members, and other caring and committed adults.
 - (i.) In encouraging a nonminor dependent's connections, a Resource Family is not required to take any action that would impair the health and safety of a nonminor dependent.

10-14: Extracurricular, Enrichment and Social Activities

- (a) A Resource Family shall permit and promote a child's participation in extracurricular, enrichment, and social activities, as specified in Welfare and Institutions Code sections 362.05 and 727.
- (b) A child or a nonminor dependent shall be entitled to participate in extracurricular, enrichment, and social activities, including the following: Sports.
 - (1) School activities, such as band, dances, and field trips.
 - (2) Leisure time, such as bike riding, socializing with friends, shopping, and movies.
 - (3) 4-H activities.
 - (4) Scouting.
 - (5) Sleepovers with friends.
 - (6) Babysitting.
 - (7) Having visitors in the home.
 - (8) Use of computer equipment.
 - (9) Use of a cell phone.
- (c) A Resource Family shall apply the reasonable and prudent parent standard, as specified in Section 10-12, in determining whether to permit a child to participate in appropriate extracurricular, enrichment, and social activities.

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- (d) For a child age 16 or older or a nonminor dependent, a Resource Family shall provide access to information regarding available vocational and postsecondary educational options. The information may include, but is not limited to, the following:
- (1) Admission criteria for universities, community colleges, trade or vocational schools.
 - (2) Informational brochures and Internet research on postsecondary or vocational schools or programs, independent living skills programs, employment-related programs, and other local resources to assist youth.
 - (3) Campus tours.
 - (4) Community or school-sponsored events promoting postsecondary or vocational schools or programs, internships, volunteerism, or employment.
 - (5) Financial aid information, including information about federal, state and school-specific aid, state and school-specific scholarships, grants and loans, as well as aid available specifically to a current or former foster child and contact information for the Student Aid Commission.
 - (6) Career options, requirements, and salary information for trade, vocational, or professional careers.
- (e) A Resource Family may access the following information in providing assistance to a child or a nonminor dependent interested in attending college:
- (1) Application for admission.
 - (A) An application for California community colleges can be found online at <http://www.cccapply.org>.
 - (B) An application for California State Universities can be found online at <http://www.csumentor.edu>.
 - (C) An application for Universities of California can be found online at <http://universityofcalifornia.edu/admissions>.
 - (2) Contact with a Foster Youth Success Initiative (FYSI) Liaison.
 - (A) FYSI liaisons at all California community colleges can be found online at <http://extranet.cccco.edu/Divisions/StudentServices/FosterYouthSuccessInitiatives.aspx>.
 - (3) Financial aid.
 - (A) A Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA) can be found online at: <http://www.fafsa.ed.gov/options.htm>.
 - (B) An application for a Board of Governors fee waiver for California community colleges can be found online at <http://www.icanaffordcollege.com>.
 - (C) An application for the Chafee Education and Training Voucher grant program for foster youth can be found online at <https://www.chafee.csac.ca.gov/default.aspx>.
 - (4) Participation in Extended Opportunity Programs and Services (EOPS) and Disability Support Programs and Services (DSPS).
 - (5) Placement in college courses.
 - (6) College orientation and course planning.
 - (7) Enrollment.
 - (8) Payment of fees.
 - (9) Access to miscellaneous higher education resources.

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- (A) General college planning information can be found online at <http://www.college.gov/prepare-for-college>.
- (B) A listing of California community colleges can be found online at <http://californiacommunitycolleges.cccco.edu/maps/alphaList.asp>.
- (C) Information about academic support, such as Guardian or Renaissance Scholar programs available to foster youth attending college, can be found online at <http://www.cacollegepathways.org/programs.php>.

10-15: Cooperation and Compliance

- (a) A Resource Family may not make or disseminate any false or misleading statements in regard to Resource Family Approval or operation of the home. This includes, but is not limited to, information regarding a Resource Family, family members, adults living in the home, persons who currently provide or may provide care or supervision to a child or nonminor dependent, or any of the services provided to a child or nonminor dependent.
- (b) A Resource Family shall comply and maintain compliance with all applicable laws and the Written Directives.

SECTION 11: Due Process

- (a) In regard to the denial of an application, the recession of an approval, or other administrative action, a County shall comply with the Department's All County Letters numbers 12-71 and 13-27.

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ARTICLE III: APPENDIXES

APPENDIX A: Implementing Statute

Resource Family Approval

Welfare and Institutions Code Section 16519.5

- (a) The State Department of Social Services, in consultation with county child welfare agencies, foster parent associations, and other interested community parties, shall implement a unified, family friendly, and child-centered resource family approval process to replace the existing multiple processes for licensing foster family homes, approving relatives and nonrelative extended family members as foster care providers, and approving adoptive families.
- (b) Up to five counties shall be selected to participate on a voluntary basis as early implementation counties for the purpose of participating in the initial development of the approval process. Early implementation counties shall be selected according to criteria developed by the department in consultation with the County Welfare Directors Association. In selecting the five early implementation counties, the department shall promote diversity among the participating counties in terms of size and geographic location.
- (c) (1) For the purposes of this section, "resource family" means an individual or couple that a participating county determines to have successfully met both the home approval standards and the permanency assessment criteria adopted pursuant to subdivision (d) necessary for providing care for a related or unrelated child who is under the jurisdiction of the juvenile court, or otherwise in the care of a county child welfare agency or probation department. A resource family shall demonstrate all of the following:
- (A) An understanding of the safety, permanence, and well-being needs of children who have been victims of child abuse and neglect, and the capacity and willingness to meet those needs, including the need for protection, and the willingness to make use of support resources offered by the agency, or a support structure in place, or both.
 - (B) An understanding of children's needs and development, effective parenting skills or knowledge about parenting, and the capacity to act as a reasonable, prudent parent in day-to-day decision making.
 - (C) An understanding of his or her role as a resource family and the capacity to work cooperatively with the agency and other service providers in implementing the child's case plan.
 - (D) The financial ability within the household to ensure the stability and financial security of the family.
 - (E) An ability and willingness to maintain the least restrictive and most familylike environment that serves the needs of the child.
- (2) Subsequent to meeting the criteria set forth in this subdivision and designation as a resource family, a resource family shall be considered eligible to provide foster care for related and unrelated children in out-of-home placement, shall be considered approved for adoption or guardianship, and shall not have to undergo any additional approval or licensure as long as the family lives in a county participating in the program.
- (3) Resource family assessment and approval means that the applicant meets the standard for home approval, and has successfully completed a permanency assessment. This approval is in lieu of the existing foster care license, relative or nonrelative extended family member approval, and the adoption home study approval.
- (4) Approval of a resource family does not guarantee an initial or continued placement of a child with a resource family.
- (d) Prior to implementation of this program, the department shall adopt standards pertaining to home approval and permanency assessment of a resource family.
- (1) Resource family home approval standards shall include, but not be limited to, all of the following:
- (A) (i) Criminal records clearance of all adults residing in the home, pursuant to Section 8712 of the Family Code, utilizing a check of the Child Abuse Central Index (CACI), a check of the Child Welfare Services/Case Management System (CWS/CMS), receipt of a fingerprint-based state criminal offender record information search response, and submission of a fingerprint-based federal criminal offender record information search.
 - (ii) Consideration of any prior allegations of child abuse or neglect against either the applicant or any other adult residing in the home. An approval may not be granted to applicants whose criminal record indicates a conviction for any of the offenses specified in clause (i) of subparagraph (A) of paragraph (1) of subdivision (g) of Section 1522 of the Health and Safety Code.
 - (iii) Exemptions from the criminal records clearance requirements set forth in this section may be granted by the director

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or the early implementation county, if that county has been granted permission by the director to issue criminal records exemptions pursuant to Section 361.4, using the exemption criteria currently used for foster care licensing as specified in subdivision (g) of Section 1522 of the Health and Safety Code.

(B) Buildings and grounds, outdoor activity space, and storage requirements set forth in Sections 89387 and 89387.2 of Title 22 of the California Code of Regulations.

(C) In addition to the foregoing requirements, the resource family home approval standards shall also require the following:

(i) That the applicant demonstrate an understanding about the rights of children in care and his or her responsibility to safeguard those rights.

(ii) That the total number of children residing in the home of a resource family shall be no more than the total number of children the resource family can properly care for, regardless of status, and shall not exceed six children, unless exceptional circumstances that are documented in the foster child's case file exist to permit a resource family to care for more children, including, but not limited to, the need to place siblings together.

(iii) That the applicant understands his or her responsibilities with respect to acting as a reasonable and prudent parent, and maintaining the least restrictive and most familylike environment that serves the needs of the child.

(D) The results of a caregiver risk assessment are consistent with the factors listed in subparagraphs (A) to (D), inclusive, of paragraph (1) of subdivision (c). A caregiver risk assessment shall include, but not be limited to, physical and mental health, alcohol and other substance use and abuse, and family and domestic violence.

(2) The resource family permanency assessment standards shall include, but not be limited to, all of the following:

(A) The applicant shall complete caregiver training.

(B) The applicant shall complete a psychosocial evaluation.

(C) The applicant shall complete any other activities that relate to a resource family's ability to achieve permanency with the child.

(e) (1) A child may be placed with a resource family that has received home approval prior to completion of a permanency assessment only if a compelling reason for the placement exists based on the needs of the child.

(2) The permanency assessment shall be completed within 90 days of the child's placement in the approved home, unless good cause exists based upon the needs of the child.

(3) If additional time is needed to complete the permanency assessment, the county shall document the extenuating circumstances for the delay and generate a timeframe for the completion of the permanency assessment.

(4) The county shall report to the department on a quarterly basis the number of families with a child in an approved home whose permanency assessment goes beyond 90 days and summarize the reasons for these delays.

(5) A child may be placed with a relative, as defined in Section 319, or nonrelative extended family member, as defined in Section 362.7, prior to home approval and completion of the permanency assessment only on an emergency basis if all of the following requirements are met:

(A) Consideration of the results of a criminal records check conducted pursuant to Section 16504.5 of the relative or nonrelative extended family member and of every other adult in the home.

(B) Consideration of the results of the Child Abuse Central Index (CACI) consistent with Section 1522.1 of the Health and Safety Code of the relative or nonrelative extended family member, and of every other adult in the home.

(C) The home and grounds are free of conditions that pose undue risk to the health and safety of the child.

(D) For any placement made pursuant to this paragraph, the county shall initiate the home approval process no later than five business days after the placement, which shall include a face-to-face interview with the resource family applicant and child.

(E) For any placement made pursuant to this paragraph, AFDC-FC funding shall not be available until the home has been approved.

(F) Any child placed under this section shall be afforded all the rights set forth in Section 16001.9.

(f) The State Department of Social Services shall be responsible for all of the following:

(1) Selecting early implementation counties, based on criteria established by the department in consultation with the County Welfare Directors Association.

(2) Establishing timeframes for participating counties to submit an implementation plan, enter into terms and conditions for participation in the program, train appropriate staff, and accept applications from resource families.

(3) Entering into terms and conditions for participation in the program by counties.

(4) Administering the program through the issuance of written directives that shall have the same force and effect as regulations. Any directive affecting Article 1 (commencing with Section 700) of Chapter 7 of Title 11 of the California Code of Regulations shall be approved by the Department of Justice. The directives shall be exempt from the rulemaking

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provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 11340)) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code.

(5) Approving and requiring the use of a single standard for resource family home approval and permanency assessment.
(6) Adopting and requiring the use of standardized documentation for the home approval and permanency assessment of resource families.

(7) Requiring counties to monitor resource families including, but not limited to, all of the following:

(A) Investigating complaints of resource families.

(B) Developing and monitoring resource family corrective action plans to correct identified deficiencies and to rescind resource family approval if compliance with corrective action plans is not achieved.

(8) Ongoing oversight and monitoring of county systems and operations including all of the following:

(A) Reviewing the county's implementation of the program.

(B) Reviewing an adequate number of approved resource families in each participating county to ensure that approval standards are being properly applied. The review shall include case file documentation, and may include onsite inspection of individual resource families. The review shall occur on an annual basis, and more frequently if the department becomes aware that a participating county is experiencing a disproportionate number of complaints against individual resource family homes.

(C) Reviewing county reports of serious complaints and incidents involving approved resource families, as determined necessary by the department. The department may conduct an independent review of the complaint or incident and change the findings depending on the results of its investigation.

(D) Investigating unresolved complaints against participating counties.

(E) Requiring corrective action of counties that are not in full compliance with the terms and conditions of the program.

(9) Preparing or having prepared, and submitting to the Legislature, a report on the results of the initial phase of implementation of the program. The report shall include all of the following:

(A) An analysis, utilizing available data, of state and federal data indicators related to the length of time to permanency including reunification, guardianship and adoption, child safety factors, and placement stability.

(B) An analysis of resource family recruitment and retention elements, including resource family satisfaction with approval processes and changes regarding the population of available resource families.

(C) An analysis of cost, utilizing available data, including funding sources.

(D) An analysis of regulatory or statutory barriers to implementing the program on a statewide basis.

(g) Counties participating in the program shall be responsible for all of the following:

(1) Submitting an implementation plan, entering into terms and conditions for participation in the program, consulting with the county probation department in the development of the implementation plan, training appropriate staff, and accepting applications from resource families within the timeframes established by the department.

(2) Complying with the written directives pursuant to paragraph (4) of subdivision (f).

(3) Implementing the requirements for resource family home approval and permanency assessment and utilizing standardized documentation established by the department.

(4) Ensuring staff have the education and experience necessary to complete the home approval and permanency assessment competently.

(5) Approving and denying resource family applications, including all of the following:

(A) Rescinding home approvals and resource family approvals where appropriate, consistent with the established standard.

(B) Providing disapproved resource families requesting review of that decision due process by conducting county grievance reviews pursuant to the department's regulations.

(C) Notifying the department of any decisions denying a resource family's application or rescinding the approval of a resource family.

(6) Updating resource family approval annually.

(7) Monitoring resource families through all of the following:

(A) Ensuring that social workers who identify a condition in the home that may not meet the approval standards set forth in subdivision (d) while in the course of a routine visit to children placed with a resource family take appropriate action as needed.

(B) Requiring resource families to comply with corrective action plans as necessary to correct identified deficiencies. If corrective action is not completed as specified in the plan, the county may rescind the resource family approval.

(C) Requiring resource families to report to the county child welfare agency any incidents consistent with the reporting requirements for licensed foster family homes.

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- (8) Investigating all complaints against a resource family and taking action as necessary. This shall include investigating any incidents reported about a resource family indicating that the approval standard is not being maintained.
- (A) The child's social worker shall not conduct the formal investigation into the complaint received concerning a family providing services under the standards required by subdivision (d). To the extent that adequate resources are available, complaints shall be investigated by a worker who did not initially perform the home approval or permanency assessment.
- (B) Upon conclusion of the complaint investigation, the final disposition shall be reviewed and approved by a supervising staff member.
- (C) The department shall be notified of any serious incidents or serious complaints or any incident that falls within the definition of Section 11165.5 of the Penal Code. If those incidents or complaints result in an investigation, the department shall also be notified as to the status and disposition of that investigation.
- (9) Performing corrective action as required by the department.
- (10) Assessing county performance in related areas of the California Child and Family Services Review System, and remedying problems identified.
- (11) Submitting information and data that the department determines is necessary to study, monitor, and prepare the report specified in paragraph (9) of subdivision (f).
- (h) Approved relatives and nonrelated extended family members, licensed foster family homes, or approved adoptive homes that have completed the license or approval process prior to full implementation of the program shall not be considered part of the program. The otherwise applicable assessment and oversight processes shall continue to be administered for families and facilities not included in the program.
- (i) The department may waive regulations that pose a barrier to implementation and operation of this program. The waiver of any regulations by the department pursuant to this section shall apply to only those counties participating in the program and only for the duration of the program.
- (j) Resource families approved under initial implementation of the program, who move within an early implementation county or who move to another early implementation county, shall retain their resource family status if the new building and grounds, outdoor activity areas, and storage areas meet home approval standards. The State Department of Social Services or early implementation county may allow a program-affiliated individual to transfer his or her subsequent arrest notification if the individual moves from one early implementation county to another early implementation county, as specified in subdivision (h) of Section 1522 of the Health and Safety Code.
- (k) (1) A resource family approved under this program that moves to a nonparticipating county shall lose its status as a resource family. The new county of residence shall deem the family approved for licensing, relative and nonrelated extended family member approval, guardianship, and adoption purposes, under the following conditions:
- (A) The new building and grounds, outdoor activity areas, and storage areas meet applicable standards, unless the family is subject to a corrective action plan.
- (B) There has been a criminal records clearance of all adults residing in the home and exemptions granted, using the exemption criteria currently used for foster care licensing, as specified in subdivision (g) of Section 1522 of the Health and Safety Code.
- (2) A program-affiliated individual who moves to a nonparticipating county may not transfer his or her subsequent arrest notification from a participating county to the nonparticipating county.
- (l) Implementation of the program shall be contingent upon the continued availability of federal Social Security Act Title IV-E (42 U.S.C. Sec. 670) funds for costs associated with placement of children with resource families assessed and approved under the program.
- (m) Notwithstanding Section 11402, a child placed with a resource family shall be eligible for AFDC-FC payments. A resource family shall be paid an AFDC-FC rate pursuant to Sections 11460 and 11461. Sharing ratios for nonfederal expenditures for all costs associated with activities related to the approval of relatives and nonrelated extended family members shall be in accordance with Section 10101.
- (n) The Department of Justice shall charge fees sufficient to cover the cost of initial or subsequent criminal offender record information and Child Abuse Central Index searches, processing, or responses, as specified in this section.
- (o) Approved resource families under this program shall be exempt from all of the following:
- (1) Licensure requirements set forth under the Community Care Facilities Act, commencing with Section 1500 of the Health and Safety Code, and all regulations promulgated thereto.
- (2) Relative and nonrelative extended family member approval requirements set forth under Sections 309, 361.4, and 362.7, and all regulations promulgated thereto.
- (3) Adoptions approval and reporting requirements set forth under Section 8712 of the Family Code, and all regulations promulgated thereto.

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(p) Early implementation counties shall be authorized to continue through the end of the 2010–11 fiscal year, or through the end of the third full fiscal year following the date that counties commence implementation, whichever of these dates is later, at which time the program shall be authorized in all counties.

(q) Notwithstanding subdivision (p), this section shall not be implemented until January 1, 2013.

APPENDIX B: Referenced Statutes

Family Code

Family Code § 8712

“(a) The department, county adoption agency, or licensed adoption agency shall require each person filing an application for adoption to be fingerprinted and shall secure from an appropriate law enforcement agency any criminal record of that person to determine whether the person has ever been convicted of a crime other than a minor traffic violation. The department, county adoption agency, or licensed adoption agency may also secure the person’s full criminal record, if any. Any federal-level criminal offender record requests to the Department of Justice shall be submitted with fingerprint images and related information required by the Department of Justice for the purposes of obtaining information as to the existence and content of a record of an out-of-state or federal conviction or arrest of a person or information regarding any out-of-state or federal crimes or arrests for which the Department of Justice establishes that the person is free on bail, or on his or her own recognizance pending trial or appeal. The Department of Justice shall forward to the Federal Bureau of Investigation any requests for federal summary criminal history information received pursuant to this section. The Department of Justice shall review the information returned from the Federal Bureau of Investigation and shall compile and disseminate a response to the department, county adoption agency, or licensed adoption agency.

(b) Notwithstanding subdivision (c), the criminal record, if any, shall be taken into consideration when evaluating the prospective adoptive parent, and an assessment of the effects of any criminal history on the ability of the prospective adoptive parent to provide adequate and proper care and guidance to the child shall be included in the report to the court.

(c)(1) Under no circumstances shall the department, county adoption agency, or licensed adoption agency give final approval for an adoptive placement in any home where the prospective adoptive parent or any adult living in the prospective adoptive home has either of the following:

(A) A felony conviction for child abuse or neglect, spousal abuse, crimes against a child, including child pornography, or for a crime involving violence, including rape, sexual assault, or homicide, but not including other physical assault and battery. For purposes of this subdivision, crimes involving violence means those violent crimes contained in clause (i) of subparagraph (A), and subparagraph (B), of paragraph (1) of subdivision (g) of Section 1522 of the Health and Safety Code.

(B) A felony conviction that occurred within the last five years for physical assault, battery, or a drug- or alcohol-related offense.

(2) This subdivision shall become operative on October 1, 2008, and shall remain operative only to the extent that compliance with its provisions is required by federal law as a condition of receiving funding under Title IV-E of the federal Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. Sec. 670 and following).

(d) Any fee charged by a law enforcement agency for fingerprinting or for checking or obtaining the criminal record of the applicant shall be paid by the applicant. The department, county adoption agency, or licensed adoption agency may defer, waive, or reduce the fee when its payment would cause economic hardship to prospective adoptive parents detrimental to the welfare of the adopted child, when the child has been in the foster care of the prospective adoptive parents for at least one year, or if necessary for the placement of a special-needs child.”

Health and Safety Code § 1522

“(g)(1) After review of the record, the director may grant an exemption from disqualification for a license or special permit as specified in paragraph (4) of subdivision (a), or for a license, special permit, or certificate of approval as specified in paragraphs (4), (7), and (8) of subdivision (d), or for employment, residence, or presence in a community care facility as specified in paragraphs (3), (4), and (5) of subdivision (c), if the director has substantial and convincing evidence to support a reasonable belief that the applicant and the person convicted of the crime, if other than the applicant, are of

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good character as to justify issuance of the license or special permit or granting an exemption for purposes of subdivision (c). Except as otherwise provided in this subdivision, an exemption shall not be granted pursuant to this subdivision if the conviction was for any of the following offenses:

(A)(i) An offense specified in Section 220, 243.4, or 264.1, subdivision (a) of Section 273a or, prior to January 1, 1994, paragraph (1) of Section 273a, Section 273d, 288, or 289, subdivision (c) of Section 290, or Section 368 of the Penal Code, or was a conviction of another crime against an individual specified in subdivision (c) of Section 667.5 of the Penal Code.

(ii) Notwithstanding clause (i), the director may grant an exemption regarding the conviction for an offense described in paragraph (1), (2), (7), or (8) of subdivision (c) of Section 667.5 of the Penal Code, if the employee or prospective employee has been rehabilitated as provided in Section 4852.03 of the Penal Code, has maintained the conduct required in Section 4852.05 of the Penal Code for at least 10 years, and has the recommendation of the district attorney representing the employee's county of residence, or if the employee or prospective employee has received a certificate of rehabilitation pursuant to Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 4852.01) of Title 6 of Part 3 of the Penal Code. This clause shall not apply to foster care providers, including relative caregivers, nonrelated extended family members, or any other person specified in subdivision (b), in those homes where the individual has been convicted of an offense described in paragraph (1) of subdivision (c) of Section 667.5 of the Penal Code.

(B) A felony offense specified in Section 729 of the Business and Professions Code or Section 206 or 215, subdivision (a) of Section 347, subdivision (b) of Section 417, or subdivision (a) of Section 451 of the Penal Code.

(C) Under no circumstances shall an exemption be granted pursuant to this subdivision to any foster care provider applicant if that applicant, or any other person specified in subdivision (b) in those homes, has a felony conviction for either of the following offenses:

(i) A felony conviction for child abuse or neglect, spousal abuse, crimes against a child, including child pornography, or for a crime involving violence, including rape, sexual assault, or homicide, but not including other physical assault and battery. For purposes of this subparagraph, a crime involving violence means a violent crime specified in clause (i) of subparagraph (A), or subparagraph (B).

(ii) A felony conviction, within the last five years, for physical assault, battery, or a drug- or alcohol-related offense.

(iii) This subparagraph shall not apply to licenses or approvals wherein a caregiver was granted an exemption to a criminal conviction described in clause (i) or (ii) prior to the enactment of this subparagraph.

(iv) This subparagraph shall remain operative only to the extent that compliance with its provisions is required by federal law as a condition for receiving funding under Title IV-E of the federal Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. Sec. 670 et seq.).

(2) The department shall not prohibit a person from being employed or having contact with clients in a facility on the basis of a denied criminal record exemption request or arrest information unless the department complies with the requirements of Section 1558."

Family Code § 9200

(a) The petition, relinquishment or consent, agreement, order, report to the court from any investigating agency, and any power of attorney and deposition filed in the office of the clerk of the court pursuant to this part is not open to inspection by any person other than the parties to the proceeding and their attorneys and the department, except upon the written authority of the judge of the superior court. A judge of the superior court may not authorize anyone to inspect the petition, relinquishment or consent, agreement, order, report to the court from any investigating agency, or power of attorney or deposition or any portion of any of these documents, except in exceptional circumstances and for good cause approaching the necessitous. The petitioner may be required to pay the expenses for preparing the copies of the documents to be inspected.

(b) Upon written request of any party to the proceeding and upon the order of any judge of the superior court, the clerk of the court shall not provide any documents referred to in this section for inspection or copying to any other person, unless the name of the child's birth parents or any information tending to identify the child's birth parents is deleted from the documents or copies thereof.

(c) Upon the request of the adoptive parents or the child, a clerk of the court may issue a certificate of adoption that states the date and place of adoption, the child's birth date, the names of the adoptive parents, and the name the child has taken. Unless the child has been adopted by a stepparent, the certificate shall not state the name of the child's birth parents.

Health and Safety Code

Health & Safety Code §1522

“The Legislature recognizes the need to generate timely and accurate positive fingerprint identification of applicants as a condition of issuing licenses, permits, or certificates of approval for persons to operate or provide direct care services in a community care facility, foster family home, or a certified family home of a licensed foster family agency. Therefore, the Legislature supports the use of the fingerprint live-scan technology, as identified in the long-range plan of the Department of Justice for fully automating the processing of fingerprints and other data by the year 1999, otherwise known as the California Crime Information Intelligence System (CAL-CII), to be used for applicant fingerprints. It is the intent of the Legislature in enacting this section to require the fingerprints of those individuals whose contact with community care clients may pose a risk to the clients’ health and safety. An individual shall be required to obtain either a criminal record clearance or a criminal record exemption from the State Department of Social Services before his or her initial presence in a community care facility.

(a) (1) Before issuing a license or special permit to any person or persons to operate or manage a community care facility, the State Department of Social Services shall secure from an appropriate law enforcement agency a criminal record to determine whether the applicant or any other person specified in subdivision (b) has ever been convicted of a crime other than a minor traffic violation or arrested for any crime specified in Section 290 of the Penal Code, for violating Section 245 or 273.5, of the Penal Code, subdivision (b) of Section 273a of the Penal Code, or, prior to January 1, 1994, paragraph (2) of Section 273a of the Penal Code, or for any crime for which the department cannot grant an exemption if the person was convicted and the person has not been exonerated.

(2) The criminal history information shall include the full criminal record, if any, of those persons, and subsequent arrest information pursuant to Section 11105.2 of the Penal Code.

(3) Except during the 2003–04 to the 2014–15 fiscal years, inclusive, neither the Department of Justice nor the State Department of Social Services may charge a fee for the fingerprinting of an applicant for a license or special permit to operate a facility providing nonmedical board, room, and care for six or less children or for obtaining a criminal record of the applicant pursuant to this section.

(4) The following shall apply to the criminal record information:

(A) If the State Department of Social Services finds that the applicant, or any other person specified in subdivision (b), has been convicted of a crime other than a minor traffic violation, the application shall be denied, unless the director grants an exemption pursuant to subdivision (g).

(B) If the State Department of Social Services finds that the applicant, or any other person specified in subdivision (b) is awaiting trial for a crime other than a minor traffic violation, the State Department of Social Services may cease processing the application until the conclusion of the trial.

(C) If no criminal record information has been recorded, the Department of Justice shall provide the applicant and the State Department of Social Services with a statement of that fact.

(D) If the State Department of Social Services finds after licensure that the licensee, or any other person specified in paragraph (1) of subdivision (b), has been convicted of a crime other than a minor traffic violation, the license may be revoked, unless the director grants an exemption pursuant to subdivision (g).

(E) An applicant and any other person specified in subdivision (b) shall submit fingerprint images and related information to the Department of Justice for the purpose of searching the criminal records of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, in addition to the criminal records search required by this subdivision. If an applicant and all other persons described in subdivision (b) meet all of the conditions for licensure, except receipt of the Federal Bureau of Investigation’s criminal offender record information search response for the applicant or any of the persons described in subdivision (b), the department may issue a license if the applicant and each person described in subdivision (b) has signed and submitted a statement that he or she has never been convicted of a crime in the United States, other than a traffic infraction, as prescribed in paragraph (1) of subdivision (a) of Section 42001 of the Vehicle Code. If, after licensure, the department determines that the licensee or any other person specified in subdivision (b) has a criminal record, the license may be revoked pursuant to Section 1550. The department may also suspend the license pending an administrative hearing pursuant to Section 1550.5.

(F) The State Department of Social Services shall develop procedures to provide the individual’s state and federal criminal

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history information with the written notification of his or her exemption denial or revocation based on the criminal record. Receipt of the criminal history information shall be optional on the part of the individual, as set forth in the agency's procedures. The procedure shall protect the confidentiality and privacy of the individual's record, and the criminal history information shall not be made available to the employer.

(G) Notwithstanding any other law, the department is authorized to provide an individual with a copy of his or her state or federal level criminal offender record information search response as provided to that department by the Department of Justice if the department has denied a criminal background clearance based on this information and the individual makes a written request to the department for a copy specifying an address to which it is to be sent. The state or federal level criminal offender record information search response shall not be modified or altered from its form or content as provided by the Department of Justice and shall be provided to the address specified by the individual in his or her written request. The department shall retain a copy of the individual's written request and the response and date provided.

(b) (1) In addition to the applicant, this section shall be applicable to criminal convictions of the following persons:

(A) Adults responsible for administration or direct supervision of staff.

(B) Any person, other than a client, residing in the facility.

(C) Any person who provides client assistance in dressing, grooming, bathing, or personal hygiene. Any nurse assistant or home health aide meeting the requirements of Section 1338.5 or 1736.6, respectively, who is not employed, retained, or contracted by the licensee, and who has been certified or recertified on or after July 1, 1998, shall be deemed to meet the criminal record clearance requirements of this section. A certified nurse assistant and certified home health aide who will be providing client assistance and who falls under this exemption shall provide one copy of his or her current certification, prior to providing care, to the community care facility. The facility shall maintain the copy of the certification on file as long as care is being provided by the certified nurse assistant or certified home health aide at the facility. Nothing in this paragraph restricts the right of the department to exclude a certified nurse assistant or certified home health aide from a licensed community care facility pursuant to Section 1558.

(D) Any staff person, volunteer, or employee who has contact with the clients.

(E) If the applicant is a firm, partnership, association, or corporation, the chief executive officer or other person serving in like capacity.

(F) Additional officers of the governing body of the applicant, or other persons with a financial interest in the applicant, as determined necessary by the department by regulation. The criteria used in the development of these regulations shall be based on the person's capability to exercise substantial influence over the operation of the facility.

(2) The following persons are exempt from the requirements applicable under paragraph (1):

(A) A medical professional as defined in department regulations who holds a valid license or certification from the person's governing California medical care regulatory entity and who is not employed, retained, or contracted by the licensee if all of the following apply:

(i) The criminal record of the person has been cleared as a condition of licensure or certification by the person's governing California medical care regulatory entity.

(ii) The person is providing time-limited specialized clinical care or services.

(iii) The person is providing care or services within the person's scope of practice.

(iv) The person is not a community care facility licensee or an employee of the facility.

(B) A third-party repair person or similar retained contractor if all of the following apply:

(i) The person is hired for a defined, time-limited job.

(ii) The person is not left alone with clients.

(iii) When clients are present in the room in which the repair person or contractor is working, a staff person who has a criminal record clearance or exemption is also present.

(C) Employees of a licensed home health agency and other members of licensed hospice interdisciplinary teams who have a contract with a client or resident of the facility and are in the facility at the request of that client or resident's legal decisionmaker. The exemption does not apply to a person who is a community care facility licensee or an employee of the facility.

(D) Clergy and other spiritual caregivers who are performing services in common areas of the community care facility or who are advising an individual client at the request of, or with the permission of, the client or legal decision maker, are exempt from fingerprint and criminal background check requirements imposed by community care licensing. This exemption does not apply to a person who is a community care licensee or employee of the facility.

(E) Members of fraternal, service, or similar organizations who conduct group activities for clients if all of the following apply:

(i) Members are not left alone with clients.

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(ii) Members do not transport clients off the facility premises.

(iii) The same organization does not conduct group activities for clients more often than defined by the department's regulations.

(3) In addition to the exemptions in paragraph (2), the following persons in foster family homes, certified family homes, and small family homes are exempt from the requirements applicable under paragraph (1):

(A) Adult friends and family of the licensed or certified foster parent, who come into the home to visit for a length of time no longer than defined by the department in regulations, provided that the adult friends and family of the licensee are not left alone with the foster children. However, the licensee, acting as a reasonable and prudent parent, as defined in paragraph (2) of subdivision (a) of Section 362.04 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, may allow his or her adult friends and family to provide short-term care to the foster child and act as an appropriate occasional short-term babysitter for the child.

(B) Parents of a foster child's friend when the foster child is visiting the friend's home and the friend, licensed or certified foster parent, or both are also present. However, the licensee, acting as a reasonable and prudent parent, may allow the parent of the foster child's friend to act as an appropriate short-term babysitter for the child without the friend being present.

(C) Individuals who are engaged by any licensed or certified foster parent to provide short-term care to the child for periods not to exceed 24 hours. Caregivers shall use a reasonable and prudent parent standard in selecting appropriate individuals to act as appropriate occasional short-term babysitters.

(4) In addition to the exemptions specified in paragraph (2), the following persons in adult day care and adult day support centers are exempt from the requirements applicable under paragraph (1):

(A) Unless contraindicated by the client's individualized program plan (IPP) or needs and service plan, a spouse, significant other, relative, or close friend of a client, or an attendant or a facilitator for a client with a developmental disability if the attendant or facilitator is not employed, retained, or contracted by the licensee. This exemption applies only if the person is visiting the client or providing direct care and supervision to the client.

(B) A volunteer if all of the following applies:

(i) The volunteer is supervised by the licensee or a facility employee with a criminal record clearance or exemption.

(ii) The volunteer is never left alone with clients.

(iii) The volunteer does not provide any client assistance with dressing, grooming, bathing, or personal hygiene other than washing of hands.

(5) (A) In addition to the exemptions specified in paragraph (2), the following persons in adult residential and social rehabilitation facilities, unless contraindicated by the client's individualized program plan (IPP) or needs and services plan, are exempt from the requirements applicable under paragraph (1): a spouse, significant other, relative, or close friend of a client, or an attendant or a facilitator for a client with a developmental disability if the attendant or facilitator is not employed, retained, or contracted by the licensee. This exemption applies only if the person is visiting the client or providing direct care and supervision to that client.

(B) Nothing in this subdivision shall prevent a licensee from requiring a criminal record clearance of any individual exempt from the requirements of this section, provided that the individual has client contact.

(6) Any person similar to those described in this subdivision, as defined by the department in regulations.

(c) (1) Subsequent to initial licensure, a person specified in subdivision (b) who is not exempted from fingerprinting shall obtain either a criminal record clearance or an exemption from disqualification pursuant to subdivision (g) from the State Department of Social Services prior to employment, residence, or initial presence in the facility. A person specified in subdivision (b) who is not exempt from fingerprinting shall be fingerprinted and shall sign a declaration under penalty of perjury regarding any prior criminal convictions. The licensee shall submit fingerprint images and related information to the Department of Justice and the Federal Bureau of Investigation, through the Department of Justice, for a state and federal level criminal offender record information search, or comply with paragraph (1) of subdivision (h). These fingerprint images and related information shall be sent by electronic transmission in a manner approved by the State Department of Social Services and the Department of Justice for the purpose of obtaining a permanent set of fingerprints, and shall be submitted to the Department of Justice by the licensee. A licensee's failure to prohibit the employment, residence, or initial presence of a person specified in subdivision (b) who is not exempt from fingerprinting and who has not received either a criminal record clearance or an exemption from disqualification pursuant to subdivision (g) or to comply with paragraph (1) of subdivision (h), as required in this section, shall result in the citation of a deficiency and the immediate assessment of civil penalties in the amount of one hundred dollars (\$100) per violation per day for a maximum of five days, unless the violation is a second or subsequent violation within a 12-month period in which case the civil penalties shall be in the

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amount of one hundred dollars (\$100) per violation for a maximum of 30 days, and shall be grounds for disciplining the licensee pursuant to Section 1550. The department may assess civil penalties for continued violations as permitted by Section 1548. The fingerprint images and related information shall then be submitted to the Department of Justice for processing. Upon request of the licensee, who shall enclose a self-addressed stamped postcard for this purpose, the Department of Justice shall verify receipt of the fingerprints.

(2) Within 14 calendar days of the receipt of the fingerprint images, the Department of Justice shall notify the State Department of Social Services of the criminal record information, as provided for in subdivision (a). If no criminal record information has been recorded, the Department of Justice shall provide the licensee and the State Department of Social Services with a statement of that fact within 14 calendar days of receipt of the fingerprint images. Documentation of the individual's clearance or exemption from disqualification shall be maintained by the licensee and be available for inspection. If new fingerprint images are required for processing, the Department of Justice shall, within 14 calendar days from the date of receipt of the fingerprints, notify the licensee that the fingerprints were illegible, the Department of Justice shall notify the State Department of Social Services, as required by Section 1522.04, and shall also notify the licensee by mail, within 14 days of electronic transmission of the fingerprints to the Department of Justice, if the person has no criminal history recorded. A violation of the regulations adopted pursuant to Section 1522.04 shall result in the citation of a deficiency and an immediate assessment of civil penalties in the amount of one hundred dollars (\$100) per violation per day for a maximum of five days, unless the violation is a second or subsequent violation within a 12-month period in which case the civil penalties shall be in the amount of one hundred dollars (\$100) per violation for a maximum of 30 days, and shall be grounds for disciplining the licensee pursuant to Section 1550. The department may assess civil penalties for continued violations as permitted by Section 1548.

(3) Except for persons specified in subdivision (b) who are exempt from fingerprinting, the licensee shall endeavor to ascertain the previous employment history of persons required to be fingerprinted. If it is determined by the State Department of Social Services, on the basis of the fingerprint images and related information submitted to the Department of Justice, that subsequent to obtaining a criminal record clearance or exemption from disqualification pursuant to subdivision (g), the person has been convicted of, or is awaiting trial for, a sex offense against a minor, or has been convicted for an offense specified in Section 243.4, 273a, 273d, 273g, or 368 of the Penal Code, or a felony, the State Department of Social Services shall notify the licensee to act immediately to terminate the person's employment, remove the person from the community care facility, or bar the person from entering the community care facility. The State Department of Social Services may subsequently grant an exemption from disqualification pursuant to subdivision (g). If the conviction or arrest was for another crime, except a minor traffic violation, the licensee shall, upon notification by the State Department of Social Services, act immediately to either (A) terminate the person's employment, remove the person from the community care facility, or bar the person from entering the community care facility; or (B) seek an exemption from disqualification pursuant to subdivision (g). The State Department of Social Services shall determine if the person shall be allowed to remain in the facility until a decision on the exemption from disqualification is rendered. A licensee's failure to comply with the department's prohibition of employment, contact with clients, or presence in the facility as required by this paragraph shall result in a citation of deficiency and an immediate assessment of civil penalties in the amount of one hundred dollars (\$100) per violation per day and shall be grounds for disciplining the licensee pursuant to Section 1550.

(4) The department may issue an exemption from disqualification on its own motion pursuant to subdivision (g) if the person's criminal history indicates that the person is of good character based on the age, seriousness, and frequency of the conviction or convictions. The department, in consultation with interested parties, shall develop regulations to establish the criteria to grant an exemption from disqualification pursuant to this paragraph.

(5) Concurrently with notifying the licensee pursuant to paragraph (3), the department shall notify the affected individual of his or her right to seek an exemption from disqualification pursuant to subdivision (g). The individual may seek an exemption from disqualification only if the licensee terminates the person's employment or removes the person from the facility after receiving notice from the department pursuant to paragraph (3).

(d) (1) Before issuing a license or certificate of approval to any person or persons to operate a foster family home or certified family home as described in Section 1506, the State Department of Social Services or other approving authority shall secure California and Federal Bureau of Investigation criminal history information to determine whether the applicant or any person specified in subdivision (b) who is not exempt from fingerprinting has ever been convicted of a crime other than a minor traffic violation or arrested for any crime specified in subdivision (c) of Section 290 of the Penal Code, for violating Section 245 or 273.5, subdivision (b) of Section 273a or, prior to January 1, 1994, paragraph (2) of Section 273a of the Penal Code, or for any crime for which the department cannot grant an exemption if the person was convicted and the person has not been exonerated. The State Department of Social Services or other approving authority shall not issue

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a license or certificate of approval to any foster family home or certified family home applicant who has not obtained both a California and Federal Bureau of Investigation criminal record clearance or exemption from disqualification pursuant to subdivision (g).

(2) The criminal history information shall include the full criminal record, if any, of those persons.

(3) Neither the Department of Justice nor the State Department of Social Services may charge a fee for the fingerprinting of an applicant for a license, special permit, or certificate of approval described in this subdivision. The record, if any, shall be taken into consideration when evaluating a prospective applicant.

(4) The following shall apply to the criminal record information:

(A) If the applicant or other persons specified in subdivision (b) who are not exempt from fingerprinting have convictions that would make the applicant's home unfit as a foster family home or a certified family home, the license, special permit, or certificate of approval shall be denied.

(B) If the State Department of Social Services finds that the applicant, or any person specified in subdivision (b) who is not exempt from fingerprinting is awaiting trial for a crime other than a minor traffic violation, the State Department of Social Services or other approving authority may cease processing the application until the conclusion of the trial.

(C) For purposes of this subdivision, a criminal record clearance provided under Section 8712 of the Family Code may be used by the department or other approving agency.

(D) To the same extent required for federal funding, an applicant for a foster family home license or for certification as a family home, and any other person specified in subdivision (b) who is not exempt from fingerprinting, shall submit a set of fingerprint images and related information to the Department of Justice and the Federal Bureau of Investigation, through the Department of Justice, for a state and federal level criminal offender record information search, in addition to the criminal records search required by subdivision (a).

(5) Any person specified in this subdivision shall, as a part of the application, be fingerprinted and sign a declaration under penalty of perjury regarding any prior criminal convictions or arrests for any crime against a child, spousal or cohabitant abuse or, any crime for which the department cannot grant an exemption if the person was convicted and shall submit these fingerprints to the licensing agency or other approving authority.

(6) (A) Subsequent to initial licensure or certification, a person specified in subdivision (b) who is not exempt from fingerprinting shall obtain both a California and Federal Bureau of Investigation criminal record clearance, or an exemption from disqualification pursuant to subdivision (g), prior to employment, residence, or initial presence in the foster family or certified family home. A foster family home licensee or foster family agency shall submit fingerprint images and related information of persons specified in subdivision (b) who are not exempt from fingerprinting to the Department of Justice and the Federal Bureau of Investigation, through the Department of Justice, for a state and federal level criminal offender record information search, or to comply with paragraph (1) of subdivision (h). A foster family home licensee's or a foster family agency's failure to either prohibit the employment, residence, or initial presence of a person specified in subdivision (b) who is not exempt from fingerprinting and who has not received either a criminal record clearance or an exemption from disqualification pursuant to subdivision (g), or comply with paragraph (1) of subdivision (h), as required in this section, shall result in a citation of a deficiency, and the immediate civil penalties of one hundred dollars (\$100) per violation per day for a maximum of five days, unless the violation is a second or subsequent violation within a 12-month period in which case the civil penalties shall be in the amount of one hundred dollars (\$100) per violation for a maximum of 30 days, and shall be grounds for disciplining the licensee pursuant to Section 1550. A violation of the regulation adopted pursuant to Section 1522.04 shall result in the citation of a deficiency and an immediate assessment of civil penalties in the amount of one hundred dollars (\$100) per violation per day for a maximum of five days, unless the violation is a second or subsequent violation within a 12-month period in which case the civil penalties shall be in the amount of one hundred dollars (\$100) per violation for a maximum of 30 days, and shall be grounds for disciplining the foster family home licensee or the foster family agency pursuant to Section 1550. The State Department of Social Services may assess penalties for continued violations, as permitted by Section 1548. The fingerprint images shall then be submitted to the Department of Justice for processing.

(B) Upon request of the licensee, who shall enclose a self-addressed envelope for this purpose, the Department of Justice shall verify receipt of the fingerprints. Within five working days of the receipt of the criminal record or information regarding criminal convictions from the Department of Justice, the department shall notify the applicant of any criminal arrests or convictions. If no arrests or convictions are recorded, the Department of Justice shall provide the foster family home licensee or the foster family agency with a statement of that fact concurrent with providing the information to the State Department of Social Services.

(7) If the State Department of Social Services finds that the applicant, or any other person specified in subdivision (b) who is not exempt from fingerprinting, has been convicted of a crime other than a minor traffic violation, the application shall be

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denied, unless the director grants an exemption from disqualification pursuant to subdivision (g).

(8) If the State Department of Social Services finds after licensure or the granting of the certificate of approval that the licensee, certified foster parent, or any other person specified in subdivision (b) who is not exempt from fingerprinting, has been convicted of a crime other than a minor traffic violation, the license or certificate of approval may be revoked by the department or the foster family agency, whichever is applicable, unless the director grants an exemption from disqualification pursuant to subdivision (g). A licensee's failure to comply with the department's prohibition of employment, contact with clients, or presence in the facility as required by paragraph (3) of subdivision (c) shall be grounds for disciplining the licensee pursuant to Section 1550.

(e) The State Department of Social Services shall not use a record of arrest to deny, revoke, or terminate any application, license, employment, or residence unless the department investigates the incident and secures evidence, whether or not related to the incident of arrest, that is admissible in an administrative hearing to establish conduct by the person that may pose a risk to the health and safety of any person who is or may become a client. The State Department of Social Services is authorized to obtain any arrest or conviction records or reports from any law enforcement agency as necessary to the performance of its duties to inspect, license, and investigate community care facilities and individuals associated with a community care facility.

(f) (1) For purposes of this section or any other provision of this chapter, a conviction means a plea or verdict of guilty or a conviction following a plea of nolo contendere. Any action that the State Department of Social Services is permitted to take following the establishment of a conviction may be taken when the time for appeal has elapsed, when the judgment of conviction has been affirmed on appeal, or when an order granting probation is made suspending the imposition of sentence, notwithstanding a subsequent order pursuant to Sections 1203.4 and 1203.4a of the Penal Code permitting the person to withdraw his or her plea of guilty and to enter a plea of not guilty, or setting aside the verdict of guilty, or dismissing the accusation, information, or indictment. For purposes of this section or any other provision of this chapter, the record of a conviction, or a copy thereof certified by the clerk of the court or by a judge of the court in which the conviction occurred, shall be conclusive evidence of the conviction. For purposes of this section or any other provision of this chapter, the arrest disposition report certified by the Department of Justice, or documents admissible in a criminal action pursuant to Section 969b of the Penal Code, shall be prima facie evidence of the conviction, notwithstanding any other law prohibiting the admission of these documents in a civil or administrative action.

(2) For purposes of this section or any other provision of this chapter, the department shall consider criminal convictions from another state or federal court as if the criminal offense was committed in this state.

(g) (1) After review of the record, the director may grant an exemption from disqualification for a license or special permit as specified in paragraph (4) of subdivision (a), or for a license, special permit, or certificate of approval as specified in paragraphs (4), (7), and (8) of subdivision (d), or for employment, residence, or presence in a community care facility as specified in paragraphs (3), (4), and (5) of subdivision (c), if the director has substantial and convincing evidence to support a reasonable belief that the applicant and the person convicted of the crime, if other than the applicant, are of good character as to justify issuance of the license or special permit or granting an exemption for purposes of subdivision (c). Except as otherwise provided in this subdivision, an exemption shall not be granted pursuant to this subdivision if the conviction was for any of the following offenses:

(A) (i) An offense specified in Section 220, 243.4, or 264.1, subdivision (a) of Section 273a or, prior to January 1, 1994, paragraph (1) of Section 273a, Section 273d, 288, or 289, subdivision (c) of Section 290, or Section 368 of the Penal Code, or was a conviction of another crime against an individual specified in subdivision (c) of Section 667.5 of the Penal Code.

(ii) Notwithstanding clause (i), the director may grant an exemption regarding the conviction for an offense described in paragraph (1), (2), (7), or (8) of subdivision (c) of Section 667.5 of the Penal Code, if the employee or prospective employee has been rehabilitated as provided in Section 4852.03 of the Penal Code, has maintained the conduct required in Section 4852.05 of the Penal Code for at least 10 years, and has the recommendation of the district attorney representing the employee's county of residence, or if the employee or prospective employee has received a certificate of rehabilitation pursuant to Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 4852.01) of Title 6 of Part 3 of the Penal Code. This clause shall not apply to foster care providers, including relative caregivers, nonrelated extended family members, or any other person specified in subdivision (b), in those homes where the individual has been convicted of an offense described in paragraph (1) of subdivision (c) of Section 667.5 of the Penal Code.

(B) A felony offense specified in Section 729 of the Business and Professions Code or Section 206 or 215, subdivision (a) of Section 347, subdivision (b) of Section 417, or subdivision (a) of Section 451 of the Penal Code.

(C) Under no circumstances shall an exemption be granted pursuant to this subdivision to any foster care provider applicant if that applicant, or any other person specified in subdivision (b) in those homes, has a felony conviction for

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either of the following offenses:

(i) A felony conviction for child abuse or neglect, spousal abuse, crimes against a child, including child pornography, or for a crime involving violence, including rape, sexual assault, or homicide, but not including other physical assault and battery. For purposes of this subparagraph, a crime involving violence means a violent crime specified in clause (i) of subparagraph (A), or subparagraph (B).

(ii) A felony conviction, within the last five years, for physical assault, battery, or a drug- or alcohol-related offense.

(iii) This subparagraph shall not apply to licenses or approvals wherein a caregiver was granted an exemption to a criminal conviction described in clause (i) or (ii) prior to the enactment of this subparagraph.

(iv) This subparagraph shall remain operative only to the extent that compliance with its provisions is required by federal law as a condition for receiving funding under Title IV-E of the federal Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. Sec. 670 et seq.).

(2) The department shall not prohibit a person from being employed or having contact with clients in a facility on the basis of a denied criminal record exemption request or arrest information unless the department complies with the requirements of Section 1558.

(h) (1) For purposes of compliance with this section, the department may permit an individual to transfer a current criminal record clearance, as defined in subdivision (a), from one facility to another, as long as the criminal record clearance has been processed through a state licensing district office, and is being transferred to another facility licensed by a state licensing district office. The request shall be in writing to the State Department of Social Services, and shall include a copy of the person's driver's license or valid identification card issued by the Department of Motor Vehicles, or a valid photo identification issued by another state or the United States government if the person is not a California resident. Upon request of the licensee, who shall enclose a self-addressed envelope for this purpose, the State Department of Social Services shall verify whether the individual has a clearance that can be transferred.

(2) The State Department of Social Services shall hold criminal record clearances in its active files for a minimum of three years after an employee is no longer employed at a licensed facility in order for the criminal record clearance to be transferred.

(3) The following shall apply to a criminal record clearance or exemption from the department or a county office with department-delegated licensing authority:

(A) A county office with department-delegated licensing authority may accept a clearance or exemption from the department.

(B) The department may accept a clearance or exemption from any county office with department-delegated licensing authority.

(C) A county office with department-delegated licensing authority may accept a clearance or exemption from any other county office with department-delegated licensing authority.

(4) With respect to notifications issued by the Department of Justice pursuant to Section 11105.2 of the Penal Code concerning an individual whose criminal record clearance was originally processed by the department or a county office with department-delegated licensing authority, all of the following shall apply:

(A) The Department of Justice shall process a request from the department or a county office with department-delegated licensing authority to receive the notice only if all of the following conditions are met:

(i) The request shall be submitted to the Department of Justice by the agency to be substituted to receive the notification.

(ii) The request shall be for the same applicant type as the type for which the original clearance was obtained.

(iii) The request shall contain all prescribed data elements and format protocols pursuant to a written agreement between the department and the Department of Justice.

(B) (i) On or before January 7, 2005, the department shall notify the Department of Justice of all county offices that have department-delegated licensing authority.

(ii) The department shall notify the Department of Justice within 15 calendar days of the date on which a new county office receives department-delegated licensing authority or a county's delegated licensing authority is rescinded.

(C) The Department of Justice shall charge the department, a county office with department-delegated licensing authority, or a county child welfare agency with criminal record clearance and exemption authority, a fee for each time a request to substitute the recipient agency is received for purposes of this paragraph. This fee shall not exceed the cost of providing the service.

(5) (A) A county child welfare agency with authority to secure clearances pursuant to Section 16504.5 of the Welfare and Institutions Code and to grant exemptions pursuant to Section 361.4 of the Welfare and Institutions Code may accept a clearance or exemption from another county with criminal record and exemption authority pursuant to these sections.

(B) With respect to notifications issued by the Department of Justice pursuant to Section 11105.2 of the Penal Code concerning an individual whose criminal record clearance was originally processed by a county child welfare agency with

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criminal record clearance and exemption authority, the Department of Justice shall process a request from a county child welfare agency with criminal record and exemption authority to receive the notice only if all of the following conditions are met:

- (i) The request shall be submitted to the Department of Justice by the agency to be substituted to receive the notification.
- (ii) The request shall be for the same applicant type as the type for which the original clearance was obtained.
- (iii) The request shall contain all prescribed data elements and format protocols pursuant to a written agreement between the State Department of Social Services and the Department of Justice.
- (i) The full criminal record obtained for purposes of this section may be used by the department or by a licensed adoption agency as a clearance required for adoption purposes.
- (j) If a licensee or facility is required by law to deny employment or to terminate employment of any employee based on written notification from the state department that the employee has a prior criminal conviction or is determined unsuitable for employment under Section 1558, the licensee or facility shall not incur civil liability or unemployment insurance liability as a result of that denial or termination.
- (k) The State Department of Social Services may charge a fee for the costs of processing electronic fingerprint images and related information.
- (l) Amendments to this section made in the 1999 portion of the 1999–2000 Regular Session shall be implemented commencing 60 days after the effective date of the act amending this section in the 1999 portion of the 1999–2000 Regular Session, except that those provisions for the submission of fingerprints for searching the records of the Federal Bureau of Investigation shall be implemented 90 days after the effective date of that act.

Health & Saf. Code § 1529.2

- “(a) In addition to the foster parent training provided by community colleges, foster family agencies shall provide a program of training for their certified foster families.
- (b) (1) Every licensed foster parent shall complete a minimum of 12 hours of foster parent training, as prescribed in paragraph (3), before the placement of any foster children with the foster parent. In addition, a foster parent shall complete a minimum of eight hours of foster parent training annually, as prescribed in paragraph (4). No child shall be placed in a foster family home unless these requirements are met by the persons in the home who are serving as the foster parents.
- (2) (A) Upon the request of the foster parent for a hardship waiver from the postplacement training requirement or a request for an extension of the deadline, the county may, at its option, on a case-by-case basis, waive the postplacement training requirement or extend any established deadline for a period not to exceed one year, if the postplacement training requirement presents a severe and unavoidable obstacle to continuing as a foster parent. Obstacles for which a county may grant a hardship waiver or extension are:
- (i) Lack of access to training due to the cost or travel required.
 - (ii) Family emergency.
- (B) Before a waiver or extension may be granted, the foster parent should explore the opportunity of receiving training by video or written materials.
- (3) The initial preplacement training shall include, but not be limited to, training courses that cover all of the following:
- (A) An overview of the child protective system.
 - (B) The effects of child abuse and neglect on child development.
 - (C) Positive discipline and the importance of self-esteem.
 - (D) Health issues in foster care.
 - (E) Accessing education and health services available to foster children.
 - (F) The right of a foster child to have fair and equal access to all available services, placement, care, treatment, and benefits, and to not be subjected to discrimination or harassment on the basis of actual or perceived race, ethnic group identification, ancestry, national origin, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, mental or physical disability, or HIV status.
 - (G) Instruction on cultural competency and sensitivity relating to, and best practices for, providing adequate care to lesbian, gay, bisexual, and transgender youth in out-of-home care.
 - (H) Basic instruction on the existing laws and procedures regarding the safety of foster youth at school and the ensuring of a harassment and violence free school environment contained in the California Student Safety and Violence Prevention Act of 2000 (Article 3.6 (commencing with Section 32228) of Chapter 2 of Part 19 of Division 1 of Title 1 of the Education

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Code).

(4) The postplacement annual training shall include, but not be limited to, training courses that cover all of the following:

(A) Age-appropriate child development.

(B) Health issues in foster care.

(C) Positive discipline and the importance of self-esteem.

(D) Emancipation and independent living skills if a foster parent is caring for youth.

(E) The right of a foster child to have fair and equal access to all available services, placement, care, treatment, and benefits, and to not be subjected to discrimination or harassment on the basis of actual or perceived race, ethnic group identification, ancestry, national origin, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, mental or physical disability, or HIV status.

(F) Instruction on cultural competency and sensitivity relating to, and best practices for, providing adequate care to lesbian, gay, bisexual, and transgender youth in out-of-home care.

(5) Foster parent training may be attained through a variety of sources, including community colleges, counties, hospitals, foster parent associations, the California State Foster Parent Association's Conference, adult schools, and certified foster parent instructors.

(6) A candidate for placement of foster children shall submit a certificate of training to document completion of the training requirements. The certificate shall be submitted with the initial consideration for placements and provided at the time of the annual visit by the licensing agency thereafter.

(c) Nothing in this section shall preclude a county from requiring county-provided preplacement or postplacement foster parent training in excess of the requirements in this section."

Health & Saf. Code § 1596.750

"Child day care facility" means a facility that provides nonmedical care to children under 18 years of age in need of personal services, supervision, or assistance essential for sustaining the activities of daily living or for the protection of the individual on less than a 24-hour basis. Child day care facility includes day care centers, employer-sponsored child care centers, and family day care homes.

Health & Saf. Code § 1596.78

(a) "Family day care home" means a home that regularly provides care, protection, and supervision for 14 or fewer children, in the provider's own home, for periods of less than 24 hours per day, while the parents or guardians are away, and is either a large family day care home or a small family day care home.

(b) "Large family day care home" means a home that provides family day care for 7 to 14 children, inclusive, including children under the age of 10 years who reside at the home, as set forth in Section 1597.465 and as defined in regulations.

(c) "Small family day care home" means a home that provides family day care for eight or fewer children, including children under the age of 10 years who reside at the home, as set forth in Section 1597.44 and as defined in regulations.

Health & Saf. Code § 115921(c)

(c) "Enclosure" means a fence, wall, or other barrier that isolates a swimming pool from access to the home.

Health & Saf. Code § 115922(a)(2)

(2) The pool shall incorporate removable mesh pool fencing that meets American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) Specifications F 2286 standards in conjunction with a gate that is self-closing and self-latching and can accommodate a key lockable device.

Health & Saf. Code § 115923

An enclosure shall have all of the following characteristics:

(a) Any access gates through the enclosure open away from the swimming pool, and are self-closing with a self-latching device placed no lower than 60 inches above the ground.

(b) A minimum height of 60 inches.

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- (c) A maximum vertical clearance from the ground to the bottom of the enclosure of two inches.
- (d) Gaps or voids, if any, do not allow passage of a sphere equal to or greater than four inches in diameter.
- (e) An outside surface free of protrusions, cavities, or other physical characteristics that would serve as handholds or footholds that could enable a child below the age of five years to climb over.

Penal Code

Penal Code § 11165.6

As used in this article, the term “child abuse or neglect” includes physical injury or death inflicted by other than accidental means upon a child by another person, sexual abuse as defined in Section 11165.1, neglect as defined in Section 11165.2, the willful harming or injuring of a child or the endangering of the person or health of a child, as defined in Section 11165.3, and unlawful corporal punishment or injury as defined in Section 11165.4. “Child abuse or neglect” does not include a mutual affray between minors. “Child abuse or neglect” does not include an injury caused by reasonable and necessary force used by a peace officer acting within the course and scope of his or her employment as a peace officer.

Welfare and Institution Code

Welf. & Inst. Code § 319

“(a) At the initial petition hearing, the court shall examine the child’s parents, guardians, or other persons having relevant knowledge and hear the relevant evidence as the child, the child’s parents or guardians, the petitioner, or their counsel desires to present. The court may examine the child, as provided in Section 350.

(b) The social worker shall report to the court on the reasons why the child has been removed from the parent’s physical custody, the need, if any, for continued detention, the available services and the referral methods to those services that could facilitate the return of the child to the custody of the child’s parents or guardians, and whether there are any relatives who are able and willing to take temporary physical custody of the child. The court shall order the release of the child from custody unless a prima facie showing has been made that the child comes within Section 300, the court finds that continuance in the parent’s or guardian’s home is contrary to the child’s welfare, and any of the following circumstances exist:

(1) There is a substantial danger to the physical health of the child or the child is suffering severe emotional damage, and there are no reasonable means by which the child’s physical or emotional health may be protected without removing the child from the parent’s or guardian’s physical custody.

(2) There is substantial evidence that a parent, guardian, or custodian of the child is likely to flee the jurisdiction of the court.

(3) The child has left a placement in which he or she was placed by the juvenile court.

(4) The child indicates an unwillingness to return home, if the child has been physically or sexually abused by a person residing in the home.

(c) If the matter is continued pursuant to Section 322 or for any other reason, the court shall find that the continuance of the child in the parent’s or guardian’s home is contrary to the child’s welfare at the initial petition hearing or order the release of the child from custody.

(d) (1) The court shall also make a determination on the record, referencing the social worker’s report or other evidence relied upon, as to whether reasonable efforts were made to prevent or eliminate the need for removal of the child from his or her home, pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 306, and whether there are available services that would prevent the need for further detention. Services to be considered for purposes of making this determination are case management, counseling, emergency shelter care, emergency in-home caretakers, out-of-home respite care, teaching and demonstrating homemakers, parenting training, transportation, and any other child welfare services authorized by the State Department of Social Services pursuant to Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 16500) of Part 4 of Division 9. The court shall also review whether the social worker has considered whether a referral to public assistance services pursuant to Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 11200) and Chapter 7 (commencing with Section 14000) of Part 3, Chapter 1

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(commencing with Section 17000) of Part 5, and Chapter 10 (commencing with Section 18900) of Part 6 of Division 9 would have eliminated the need to take temporary custody of the child or would prevent the need for further detention.

(2) If the child can be returned to the custody of his or her parent or guardian through the provision of those services, the court shall place the child with his or her parent or guardian and order that the services shall be provided. If the child cannot be returned to the physical custody of his or her parent or guardian, the court shall determine if there is a relative who is able and willing to care for the child, and has been assessed pursuant to paragraph (1) of subdivision (d) of Section 309.

(e) If a court orders a child detained, the court shall state the facts on which the decision is based, specify why the initial removal was necessary, reference the social worker's report or other evidence relied upon to make its determination whether continuance in the home of the parent or legal guardian is contrary to the child's welfare, order temporary placement and care of the child to be vested with the county child welfare department pending the hearing held pursuant to Section 355 or further order of the court, and order services to be provided as soon as possible to reunify the child and his or her family if appropriate.

(f) (1) If the child is not released from custody, the court may order that the child shall be placed in the assessed home of a relative, in an emergency shelter or other suitable licensed place, in a place exempt from licensure designated by the juvenile court, or in the assessed home of a nonrelative extended family member as defined in Section 362.7 for a period not to exceed 15 judicial days.

(2) As used in this section, "relative" means an adult who is related to the child by blood, adoption, or affinity within the fifth degree of kinship, including stepparents, stepsiblings, and all relatives whose status is preceded by the words "great," "great-great," or "grand," or the spouse of any of these persons, even if the marriage was terminated by death or dissolution. However, only the following relatives shall be given preferential consideration for placement of the child: an adult who is a grandparent, aunt, uncle, or sibling of the child.

(3) The court shall consider the recommendations of the social worker based on the assessment pursuant to paragraph (1) of subdivision (d) of Section 309 of the relative's home, including the results of a criminal records check and prior child abuse allegations, if any, prior to ordering that the child be placed with a relative. The court shall order the parent to disclose to the social worker the names, residences, and any known identifying information of any maternal or paternal relatives of the child. The social worker shall initiate the assessment pursuant to Section 361.3 of any relative to be considered for continuing placement.

(g) (1) At the initial hearing upon the petition filed in accordance with subdivision (c) of Rule 5.520 of the California Rules of Court or anytime thereafter up until the time that the minor is adjudged a dependent child of the court or a finding is made dismissing the petition, the court may temporarily limit the right of the parent or guardian to make educational or developmental services decisions for the child and temporarily appoint a responsible adult to make educational or developmental services decisions for the child if all of the following conditions are found:

(A) The parent or guardian is unavailable, unable, or unwilling to exercise educational or developmental services rights for the child.

(B) The county placing agency has made diligent efforts to locate and secure the participation of the parent or guardian in educational or developmental services decision making.

(C) The child's educational and developmental services needs cannot be met without the temporary appointment of a responsible adult.

(2) If the court limits the parent's educational rights under this subdivision, the court shall determine whether there is a responsible adult who is a relative, nonrelative extended family member, or other adult known to the child and who is available and willing to serve as the child's educational representative before appointing an educational representative or surrogate who is not known to the child.

(3) If the court cannot identify a responsible adult to make educational decisions for the child and the appointment of a surrogate parent, as defined in subdivision (a) of Section 56050 of the Education Code, is not warranted, the court may, with the input of any interested person, make educational decisions for the child. If the child is receiving services from a regional center, the provision of any developmental services related to the court's decision must be consistent with the child's individual program plan and pursuant to the provisions of the Lanterman Developmental Disabilities Services Act (Division 4.5 (commencing with Section 4500)). If the court cannot identify a responsible adult to make developmental services decisions for the child, the court may, with the input of any interested person, make developmental services decisions for the child. If the court makes educational or developmental services decisions for the child, the court shall also issue appropriate orders to ensure that every effort is made to identify a responsible adult to make future educational or developmental services decisions for the child.

(4) Any temporary appointment of a responsible adult and temporary limitation on the right of the parent or guardian to

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make educational or developmental services decisions for the child shall be specifically addressed in the court order. Any order made under this section shall expire at the conclusion of the hearing held pursuant to Section 361 or upon dismissal of the petition. Upon the entering of disposition orders, any additional needed limitation on the parent's or guardian's educational or developmental services rights shall be addressed pursuant to Section 361.

(5) Nothing in this section in any way removes the obligation to appoint surrogate parents for students with disabilities who are without parental representation in special education procedures as required by state and federal law, including Section 1415(b)(2) of Title 20 of the United States Code, Section 56050 of the Education Code, Section 7579.5 of the Government Code, and Rule 5.650 of the California Rules of Court.

(6) If the court appoints a developmental services decisionmaker pursuant to this section, he or she shall have the authority to access the child's information and records pursuant to subdivision (u) of Section 4514 and subdivision (y) of Section 5328, and to act on the child's behalf for the purposes of the individual program plan process pursuant to Sections 4646, 4646.5, and 4648 and the fair hearing process pursuant to Chapter 7 (commencing with Section 4700), and as set forth in the court order."

Welf. & Inst. Code § 361.4

"(a) Prior to placing a child in the home of a relative, or the home of any prospective guardian or other person who is not a licensed or certified foster parent, the county social worker shall visit the home to ascertain the appropriateness of the placement.

(b)(1) Whenever a child may be placed in the home of a relative, or the home of any prospective guardian or other person who is not a licensed or certified foster parent, the court or county social worker placing the child shall cause a state-level criminal records check to be conducted by an appropriate government agency through the California Law Enforcement Telecommunications System (CLETS) pursuant to Section 16504.5. The criminal records check shall be conducted with regard to all persons over 18 years of age living in the home, and on any other person over 18 years of age, other than professionals providing professional services to the child, known to the placing entity who may have significant contact with the child, including any person who has a familial or intimate relationship with any person living in the home. A criminal records check may be conducted pursuant to this section on any person over 14 years of age living in the home who the county social worker believes may have a criminal record. Within 10 calendar days following the criminal records check conducted through the California Law Enforcement Telecommunications System, the social worker shall ensure that a fingerprint clearance check of the relative and any other person whose criminal record was obtained pursuant to this subdivision is initiated through the Department of Justice to ensure the accuracy of the criminal records check conducted through the California Law Enforcement Telecommunications System and shall review the results of any criminal records check to assess the safety of the home. The Department of Justice shall forward fingerprint requests for federal-level criminal history information to the Federal Bureau of Investigation pursuant to this section.

(2) An identification card from a foreign consulate or foreign passport shall be considered a valid form of identification for conducting a criminal records check and fingerprint clearance check under this subdivision and under subdivision (c).

(c) Whenever a child may be placed in the home of a relative, or a prospective guardian or other person who is not a licensed or certified foster parent, the county social worker shall cause a check of the Child Abuse Central Index pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 11170 of the Penal Code to be requested from the Department of Justice. The Child Abuse Central Index check shall be conducted on all persons over 18 years of age living in the home. For any application received on or after January 1, 2008, if any person in the household is 18 years of age or older and has lived in another state in the preceding five years, the county social worker shall check the other state's child abuse and neglect registry to the extent required by federal law.

(d) (1) If the results of the California and federal criminal records check indicates that the person has no criminal record, the county social worker and court may consider the home of the relative, prospective guardian, or other person who is not a licensed or certified foster parent for placement of a child.

(2) If the criminal records check indicates that the person has been convicted of a crime that the Director of Social Services cannot grant an exemption for under Section 1522 of the Health and Safety Code, the child shall not be placed in the home. If the criminal records check indicates that the person has been convicted of a crime that the Director of Social Services may grant an exemption for under Section 1522 of the Health and Safety Code, the child shall not be placed in the home unless a criminal records exemption has been granted by the county, based on substantial and convincing evidence to support a reasonable belief that the person with the criminal conviction is of such good character as to justify the placement and not present a risk of harm to the child pursuant to paragraph (3).

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(3) (A) A county may issue a criminal records exemption only if that county has been granted permission by the Director of Social Services to issue criminal records exemptions. The county may file a request with the Director of Social Services seeking permission for the county to establish a procedure to evaluate and grant appropriate individual criminal records exemptions for persons described in subdivision (b). The director shall grant or deny the county's request within 14 days of receipt. The county shall evaluate individual criminal records in accordance with the standards and limitations set forth in paragraph (1) of subdivision (g) of Section 1522 of the Health and Safety Code, and in no event shall the county place a child in the home of a person who is ineligible for an exemption under that provision.

(B) The department shall monitor county implementation of the authority to grant an exemption under this paragraph to ensure that the county evaluates individual criminal records and allows or disallows placements according to the standards set forth in paragraph (1) of subdivision (g) of Section 1522 of the Health and Safety Code.

(4) The department shall conduct an evaluation of the implementation of paragraph (3) through random sampling of county exemption decisions.

(5) The State Department of Social Services shall not evaluate or grant criminal records exemption requests for persons described in subdivision (b), unless the exemption request is made by an Indian tribe pursuant to subdivision (f).

(6) If a county has not requested, or has not been granted, permission by the State Department of Social Services to establish a procedure to evaluate and grant criminal records exemptions, the county shall not place a child into the home of a person described in subdivision (b) if any person residing in the home has been convicted of a crime other than a minor traffic violation, except as provided in subdivision (f).

(e) Nothing in this section shall preclude a county from conducting a criminal background check that the county is otherwise authorized to conduct using fingerprints.

(f) Upon request from an Indian tribe, the State Department of Social Services shall evaluate an exemption request, if needed, to allow placement into an Indian home that the tribe has designated for placement under the federal Indian Child Welfare Act (25 U.S.C. Sec. 1901 et seq.) that would otherwise be barred under this section. However, if the county with jurisdiction over the child that is the subject of the tribe's request has established an approved procedure pursuant to paragraph (3) of subdivision (d), the tribe may request that the county evaluate the exemption request. Once a tribe has elected to have the exemption request reviewed by either the State Department of Social Services or the county, the exemption decision may only be made by that entity. Nothing in this subdivision limits the duty of a county social worker to evaluate the home for placement or to gather information needed to evaluate an exemption request."

Welf. & Inst. Code § 362.04

(a) For purposes of this section:

(1) "Caregiver" means any licensed or certified foster parent, approved relative caregiver, or approved nonrelative extended family member.

(2) "Reasonable and prudent parent" or "reasonable and prudent parent standard" means the standard characterized by careful and sensible parental decisions that maintain the child's health, safety, and best interest.

(3) "Short-term" means no more than 24 consecutive hours.

(b) Every caregiver may arrange for occasional short-term babysitting of their foster child and allow individuals to supervise the foster child for the purposes set forth in Section 362.05, or on occasions, including, but not limited to, when the foster parent has a medical or other health care appointment, grocery or other shopping, personal grooming appointments, special occasions for the foster parents, foster parent training classes, school-related meetings (such as parent-teacher conferences), business meetings, adult social gatherings, or an occasional evening out by the foster parent.

(c) Caregivers shall use a reasonable and prudent parent standard in determining and selecting appropriate babysitters for occasional short-term use.

(d) The caregiver shall endeavor to provide the babysitter with the following information before leaving the child for purposes of short-term care:

(1) Information about the child's emotional, behavioral, medical or physical conditions, if any, necessary to provide care for the child during the time the foster child is being supervised by the babysitter.

(2) Any medication that should be administered to the foster child during the time the foster child is being supervised by the babysitter.

(3) Emergency contact information that is valid during the time the foster child is being supervised by the babysitter.

(e) Babysitters selected by the caregiver to provide occasional short-term care to a foster child under the provisions of this section shall be exempt from any department regulation requiring health screening or cardiopulmonary resuscitation

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certification or training.

(f) Each state and local entity shall ensure that private agencies that provide foster care services to dependent children have policies consistent with this section. Policies that are not consistent with this section include those that are incompatible with, contradictory to, or more restrictive than this section.

Welf. & Inst. Code § 362.05

(a) Every child adjudged a dependent child of the juvenile court shall be entitled to participate in age-appropriate extracurricular, enrichment, and social activities. No state or local regulation or policy may prevent, or create barriers to, participation in those activities. Each state and local entity shall ensure that private agencies that provide foster care services to dependent children have policies consistent with this section and that those agencies promote and protect the ability of dependent children to participate in age-appropriate extracurricular, enrichment, and social activities. A group home administrator, a facility manager, or his or her responsible designee, and a caregiver, as defined in paragraph (1) of subdivision (a) of Section 362.04, shall use a reasonable and prudent parent standard, as defined in paragraph (2) of subdivision (a) of Section 362.04, in determining whether to give permission for a child residing in foster care to participate in extracurricular, enrichment, and social activities. A group home administrator, a facility manager, or his or her responsible designee, and a caregiver shall take reasonable steps to determine the appropriateness of the activity in consideration of the child's age, maturity, and developmental level.

(b) A group home administrator or a facility manager, or his or her responsible designee, is encouraged to consult with social work or treatment staff members who are most familiar with the child at the group home in applying and using the reasonable and prudent parent standard.

Welf. & Inst. Code § 362.7

"When the home of a nonrelative extended family member is being considered for placement of a child, the home shall be evaluated, and approval of that home shall be granted or denied, pursuant to the same standards set forth in the regulations for the licensing of foster family homes which prescribe standards of safety and sanitation for the physical plant and standards for basic personal care, supervision, and services provided by the caregiver.

A "nonrelative extended family member" is defined as any adult caregiver who has an established familial or mentoring relationship with the child. The county welfare department shall verify the existence of a relationship through interviews with the parent and child or with one or more third parties. The parties may include relatives of the child, teachers, medical professionals, clergy, neighbors, and family friends."

Welf. & Inst. Code § 727

(a) (1) If a minor is adjudged a ward of the court on the ground that he or she is a person described by Section 601 or 602, the court may make any reasonable orders for the care, supervision, custody, conduct, maintenance, and support of the minor, including medical treatment, subject to further order of the court.

(2) In the discretion of the court, a ward may be ordered to be on probation without supervision of the probation officer. The court, in so ordering, may impose on the ward any and all reasonable conditions of behavior as may be appropriate under this disposition. A minor who has been adjudged a ward of the court on the basis of the commission of any of the offenses described in subdivision (b) or paragraph (2) of subdivision (d) of Section 707, Section 459 of the Penal Code, or subdivision (a) of Section 11350 of the Health and Safety Code, shall not be eligible for probation without supervision of the probation officer. A minor who has been adjudged a ward of the court on the basis of the commission of any offense involving the sale or possession for sale of a controlled substance, except misdemeanor offenses involving marijuana, as specified in Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 11053) of Division 10 of the Health and Safety Code, or of an offense in violation of Section 32625 of the Penal Code, shall be eligible for probation without supervision of the probation officer only when the court determines that the interests of justice would best be served and states reasons on the record for that determination.

(3) In all other cases, the court shall order the care, custody, and control of the minor to be under the supervision of the probation officer who may place the minor in any of the following:

(A) The approved home of a relative or the approved home of a nonrelative, extended family member, as defined in Section 362.7. If a decision has been made to place the minor in the home of a relative, the court may authorize the

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relative to give legal consent for the minor's medical, surgical, and dental care and education as if the relative caretaker were the custodial parent of the minor.

(B) A suitable licensed community care facility. A placement of a child in a community care facility, as specified in Section 1530.8 of the Health and Safety Code, shall be made in accordance with Section 319.2 or 319.3, as applicable, and with paragraph (8) or (9) of subdivision (e) of Section 361.2, as applicable.

(C) With a foster family agency to be placed in a suitable licensed foster family home or certified family home which has been certified by the agency as meeting licensing standards.

(D) (i) Every minor adjudged a ward of the juvenile court who is residing in a placement as defined in subparagraphs (A) to (C), inclusive, shall be entitled to participate in age-appropriate extracurricular, enrichment, and social activities. No state or local regulation or policy may prevent, or create barriers to, participation in those activities. Each state and local entity shall ensure that private agencies that provide foster care services to wards have policies consistent with this section and that those agencies promote and protect the ability of wards to participate in age-appropriate extracurricular, enrichment, and social activities. A group home administrator, a facility manager, or his or her responsible designee, and a caregiver, as defined in paragraph (1) of subdivision (a) of Section 362.04, shall use a reasonable and prudent parent standard, as defined in paragraph (2) of subdivision (a) of Section 362.04, in determining whether to give permission for a minor residing in foster care to participate in extracurricular, enrichment, and social activities. A group home administrator, a facility manager, or his or her responsible designee, and a caregiver shall take reasonable steps to determine the appropriateness of the activity taking into consideration the minor's age, maturity, and developmental level.

(ii) A group home administrator or a facility manager, or his or her responsible designee, is encouraged to consult with social work or treatment staff members who are most familiar with the minor at the group home in applying and using the reasonable and prudent parent standard.

(b) (1) To facilitate coordination and cooperation among agencies, the court may, at any time after a petition has been filed, after giving notice and an opportunity to be heard, join in the juvenile court proceedings any agency that the court determines has failed to meet a legal obligation to provide services to a minor, for whom a petition has been filed under Section 601 or 602, to a nonminor, as described in Section 303, or to a nonminor dependent, as defined in subdivision (v) of Section 11400. In any proceeding in which an agency is joined, the court shall not impose duties upon the agency beyond those mandated by law. The purpose of joinder under this section is to ensure the delivery and coordination of legally mandated services to the minor. The joinder shall not be maintained for any other purpose. Nothing in this section shall prohibit agencies that have received notice of the hearing on joinder from meeting prior to the hearing to coordinate services.

(2) The court has no authority to order services unless it has been determined through the administrative process of an agency that has been joined as a party, that the minor, nonminor, or nonminor dependent is eligible for those services. With respect to mental health assessment, treatment, and case management services pursuant to Chapter 26.5 (commencing with Section 7570) of Division 7 of Title 1 of the Government Code, the court's determination shall be limited to whether the agency has complied with that chapter.

(3) For the purposes of this subdivision, "agency" means any governmental agency or any private service provider or individual that receives federal, state, or local governmental funding or reimbursement for providing services directly to a child, nonminor, or nonminor dependent.

(c) If a minor has been adjudged a ward of the court on the ground that he or she is a person described in Section 601 or 602, and the court finds that notice has been given in accordance with Section 661, and if the court orders that a parent or guardian shall retain custody of that minor either subject to or without the supervision of the probation officer, the parent or guardian may be required to participate with that minor in a counseling or education program including, but not limited to, parent education and parenting programs operated by community colleges, school districts, or other appropriate agencies designated by the court.

(d) The juvenile court may direct any reasonable orders to the parents and guardians of the minor who is the subject of any proceedings under this chapter as the court deems necessary and proper to carry out subdivisions (a), (b), and (c) including orders to appear before a county financial evaluation officer, to ensure the minor's regular school attendance, and to make reasonable efforts to obtain appropriate educational services necessary to meet the needs of the minor. If counseling or other treatment services are ordered for the minor, the parent, guardian, or foster parent shall be ordered to participate in those services, unless participation by the parent, guardian, or foster parent is deemed by the court to be inappropriate or potentially detrimental to the minor.

[Welf. & Inst. Code § 827](#)

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(a) (1) Except as provided in Section 828, a case file may be inspected only by the following:

(A) Court personnel.

(B) The district attorney, a city attorney, or city prosecutor authorized to prosecute criminal or juvenile cases under state law.

(C) The minor who is the subject of the proceeding.

(D) The minor's parents or guardian.

(E) The attorneys for the parties, judges, referees, other hearing officers, probation officers, and law enforcement officers who are actively participating in criminal or juvenile proceedings involving the minor.

(F) The county counsel, city attorney, or any other attorney representing the petitioning agency in a dependency action.

(G) The superintendent or designee of the school district where the minor is enrolled or attending school.

(H) Members of the child protective agencies as defined in Section 11165.9 of the Penal Code.

(I) The State Department of Social Services, to carry out its duties pursuant to Division 9 (commencing with Section 10000), and Part 5 (commencing with Section 7900) of Division 12, of the Family Code to oversee and monitor county child welfare agencies, children in foster care or receiving foster care assistance, and out-of-state placements, Section 10850.4, and paragraph (2).

(J) Authorized legal staff or special investigators who are peace officers who are employed by, or who are authorized representatives of, the State Department of Social Services, as necessary to the performance of their duties to inspect, license, and investigate community care facilities, and to ensure that the standards of care and services provided in those facilities are adequate and appropriate and to ascertain compliance with the rules and regulations to which the facilities are subject. The confidential information shall remain confidential except for purposes of inspection, licensing, or investigation pursuant to Chapter 3 (commencing with Section 1500) and Chapter 3.4 (commencing with Section 1596.70) of Division 2 of the Health and Safety Code, or a criminal, civil, or administrative proceeding in relation thereto. The confidential information may be used by the State Department of Social Services in a criminal, civil, or administrative proceeding. The confidential information shall be available only to the judge or hearing officer and to the parties to the case. Names that are confidential shall be listed in attachments separate to the general pleadings. The confidential information shall be sealed after the conclusion of the criminal, civil, or administrative hearings, and may not subsequently be released except in accordance with this subdivision. If the confidential information does not result in a criminal, civil, or administrative proceeding, it shall be sealed after the State Department of Social Services decides that no further action will be taken in the matter of suspected licensing violations. Except as otherwise provided in this subdivision, confidential information in the possession of the State Department of Social Services may not contain the name of the minor.

(K) Members of children's multidisciplinary teams, persons, or agencies providing treatment or supervision of the minor.

(L) A judge, commissioner, or other hearing officer assigned to a family law case with issues concerning custody or visitation, or both, involving the minor, and the following persons, if actively participating in the family law case: a family court mediator assigned to a case involving the minor pursuant to Article 1 (commencing with Section 3160) of Chapter 11 of Part 2 of Division 8 of the Family Code, a court-appointed evaluator or a person conducting a court-connected child custody evaluation, investigation, or assessment pursuant to Section 3111 or 3118 of the Family Code, and counsel appointed for the minor in the family law case pursuant to Section 3150 of the Family Code. Prior to allowing counsel appointed for the minor in the family law case to inspect the file, the court clerk may require counsel to provide a certified copy of the court order appointing him or her as the minor's counsel.

(M) A court-appointed investigator who is actively participating in a guardianship case involving a minor pursuant to Part 2 (commencing with Section 1500) of Division 4 of the Probate Code and acting within the scope of his or her duties in that case.

(N) A local child support agency for the purpose of establishing paternity and establishing and enforcing child support orders.

(O) Juvenile justice commissions as established under Section 225. The confidentiality provisions of Section 10850 shall apply to a juvenile justice commission and its members.

(P) Any other person who may be designated by court order of the judge of the juvenile court upon filing a petition.

(2) (A) Notwithstanding any other law and subject to subparagraph (A) of paragraph (3), juvenile case files, except those relating to matters within the jurisdiction of the court pursuant to Section 601 or 602, that pertain to a deceased child who was within the jurisdiction of the juvenile court pursuant to Section 300, shall be released to the public pursuant to an order by the juvenile court after a petition has been filed and interested parties have been afforded an opportunity to file an objection. Any information relating to another child or which could identify another child, except for information about the deceased, shall be redacted from the juvenile case file prior to release, unless a specific order is made by the juvenile court to the contrary. Except as provided in this paragraph, the presiding judge of the juvenile court may issue an order

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prohibiting or limiting access to the juvenile case file, or any portion thereof, of a deceased child only upon a showing by a preponderance of evidence that release of the juvenile case file or any portion thereof is detrimental to the safety, protection, or physical or emotional well-being of another child who is directly or indirectly connected to the juvenile case that is the subject of the petition.

(B) This paragraph represents a presumption in favor of the release of documents when a child is deceased unless the statutory reasons for confidentiality are shown to exist.

(C) If a child whose records are sought has died, and documents are sought pursuant to this paragraph, no weighing or balancing of the interests of those other than a child is permitted.

(D) A petition filed under this paragraph shall be served on interested parties by the petitioner, if the petitioner is in possession of their identity and address, and on the custodian of records. Upon receiving a petition, the custodian of records shall serve a copy of the request upon all interested parties that have not been served by the petitioner or on the interested parties served by the petitioner if the custodian of records possesses information, such as a more recent address, indicating that the service by the petitioner may have been ineffective.

(E) The custodian of records shall serve the petition within 10 calendar days of receipt. If any interested party, including the custodian of records, objects to the petition, the party shall file and serve the objection on the petitioning party no later than 15 calendar days of service of the petition.

(F) The petitioning party shall have 10 calendar days to file any reply. The juvenile court shall set the matter for hearing no more than 60 calendar days from the date the petition is served on the custodian of records. The court shall render its decision within 30 days of the hearing. The matter shall be decided solely upon the basis of the petition and supporting exhibits and declarations, if any, the objection and any supporting exhibits or declarations, if any, and the reply and any supporting declarations or exhibits thereto, and argument at hearing. The court may solely upon its own motion order the appearance of witnesses. If no objection is filed to the petition, the court shall review the petition and issue its decision within 10 calendar days of the final day for filing the objection. Any order of the court shall be immediately reviewable by petition to the appellate court for the issuance of an extraordinary writ.

(3) Access to juvenile case files pertaining to matters within the jurisdiction of the juvenile court pursuant to Section 300 shall be limited as follows:

(A) If a juvenile case file, or any portion thereof, is privileged or confidential pursuant to any other state law or federal law or regulation, the requirements of that state law or federal law or regulation prohibiting or limiting release of the juvenile case file or any portions thereof shall prevail. Unless a person is listed in subparagraphs (A) to (O), inclusive, of paragraph (1) and is entitled to access under the other state law or federal law or regulation without a court order, all those seeking access, pursuant to other authorization, to portions of, or information relating to the contents of, juvenile case files protected under another state law or federal law or regulation, shall petition the juvenile court. The juvenile court may only release the portion of, or information relating to the contents of, juvenile case files protected by another state law or federal law or regulation if disclosure is not detrimental to the safety, protection, or physical or emotional well-being of a child who is directly or indirectly connected to the juvenile case that is the subject of the petition. This paragraph shall not be construed to limit the ability of the juvenile court to carry out its duties in conducting juvenile court proceedings.

(B) Prior to the release of the juvenile case file or any portion thereof, the court shall afford due process, including a notice of and an opportunity to file an objection to the release of the record or report to all interested parties.

(4) A juvenile case file, any portion thereof, and information relating to the content of the juvenile case file, may not be disseminated by the receiving agencies to any persons or agencies, other than those persons or agencies authorized to receive documents pursuant to this section. Further, a juvenile case file, any portion thereof, and information relating to the content of the juvenile case file, may not be made as an attachment to any other documents without the prior approval of the presiding judge of the juvenile court, unless it is used in connection with and in the course of a criminal investigation or a proceeding brought to declare a person a dependent child or ward of the juvenile court.

(5) Individuals listed in subparagraphs (A), (B), (C), (D), (E), (F), (H), and (I) of paragraph (1) may also receive copies of the case file. In these circumstances, the requirements of paragraph (4) shall continue to apply to the information received.

(b) (1) While the Legislature reaffirms its belief that juvenile court records, in general, should be confidential, it is the intent of the Legislature in enacting this subdivision to provide for a limited exception to juvenile court record confidentiality to promote more effective communication among juvenile courts, family courts, law enforcement agencies, and schools to ensure the rehabilitation of juvenile criminal offenders as well as to lessen the potential for drug use, violence, other forms of delinquency, and child abuse.

(2) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), written notice that a minor enrolled in a public school, kindergarten to grade 12, inclusive, has been found by a court of competent jurisdiction to have committed any felony or any misdemeanor involving

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curfew, gambling, alcohol, drugs, tobacco products, carrying of weapons, a sex offense listed in Section 290 of the Penal Code, assault or battery, larceny, vandalism, or graffiti shall be provided by the court, within seven days, to the superintendent of the school district of attendance. Written notice shall include only the offense found to have been committed by the minor and the disposition of the minor's case. This notice shall be expeditiously transmitted by the district superintendent to the principal at the school of attendance. The principal shall expeditiously disseminate the information to those counselors directly supervising or reporting on the behavior or progress of the minor. In addition, the principal shall disseminate the information to any teacher or administrator directly supervising or reporting on the behavior or progress of the minor whom the principal believes needs the information to work with the pupil in an appropriate fashion, to avoid being needlessly vulnerable or to protect other persons from needless vulnerability.

Any information received by a teacher, counselor, or administrator under this subdivision shall be received in confidence for the limited purpose of rehabilitating the minor and protecting students and staff, and shall not be further disseminated by the teacher, counselor, or administrator, except insofar as communication with the juvenile, his or her parents or guardians, law enforcement personnel, and the juvenile's probation officer is necessary to effectuate the juvenile's rehabilitation or to protect students and staff.

An intentional violation of the confidentiality provisions of this paragraph is a misdemeanor punishable by a fine not to exceed five hundred dollars (\$500).

(3) If a minor is removed from public school as a result of the court's finding described in subdivision (b), the superintendent shall maintain the information in a confidential file and shall defer transmittal of the information received from the court until the minor is returned to public school. If the minor is returned to a school district other than the one from which the minor came, the parole or probation officer having jurisdiction over the minor shall so notify the superintendent of the last district of attendance, who shall transmit the notice received from the court to the superintendent of the new district of attendance.

(c) Each probation report filed with the court concerning a minor whose record is subject to dissemination pursuant to subdivision (b) shall include on the face sheet the school at which the minor is currently enrolled. The county superintendent shall provide the court with a listing of all of the schools within each school district, within the county, along with the name and mailing address of each district superintendent.

(d) Each notice sent by the court pursuant to subdivision (b) shall be stamped with the instruction: "Unlawful Dissemination Of This Information Is A Misdemeanor." Any information received from the court shall be kept in a separate confidential file at the school of attendance and shall be transferred to the minor's subsequent schools of attendance and maintained until the minor graduates from high school, is released from juvenile court jurisdiction, or reaches the age of 18 years, whichever occurs first. After that time the confidential record shall be destroyed. At any time after the date by which a record required to be destroyed by this section should have been destroyed, the minor or his or her parent or guardian shall have the right to make a written request to the principal of the school that the minor's school records be reviewed to ensure that the record has been destroyed. Upon completion of any requested review and no later than 30 days after the request for the review was received, the principal or his or her designee shall respond in writing to the written request and either shall confirm that the record has been destroyed or, if the record has not been destroyed, shall explain why destruction has not yet occurred.

Except as provided in paragraph (2) of subdivision (b), no liability shall attach to any person who transmits or fails to transmit any notice or information required under subdivision (b).

(e) For purposes of this section, a "juvenile case file" means a petition filed in any juvenile court proceeding, reports of the probation officer, and all other documents filed in that case or made available to the probation officer in making his or her report, or to the judge, referee, or other hearing officer, and thereafter retained by the probation officer, judge, referee, or other hearing officer.

Welf. & Inst. Code § 10850

(a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, all applications and records concerning any individual made or kept by any public officer or agency in connection with the administration of any provision of this code relating to any form of public social services for which grants-in-aid are received by this state from the United States government shall be confidential, and shall not be open to examination for any purpose not directly connected with the administration of that program, or any investigation, prosecution, or criminal or civil proceeding conducted in connection with the administration of any such program. The disclosure of any information that identifies by name or address any applicant for or recipient of these grants-in-aid to any committee or legislative body is prohibited, except as provided in subdivision (b).

(b) Except as otherwise provided in this section, no person shall publish or disclose or permit or cause to be published or

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disclosed any list of persons receiving public social services. Any county welfare department in this state may release lists of applicants for, or recipients of, public social services, to any other county welfare department or the State Department of Social Services, and these lists or any other records shall be released when requested by any county welfare department or the State Department of Social Services. These lists or other records shall only be used for purposes directly connected with the administration of public social services. Except for those purposes, no person shall publish, disclose, or use or permit or cause to be published, disclosed, or used any confidential information pertaining to an applicant or recipient.

Any county welfare department and the State Department of Social Services shall provide any governmental entity that is authorized by law to conduct an audit or similar activity in connection with the administration of public social services, including any committee or legislative body so authorized, with access to any public social service applications and records described in subdivision (a) to the extent of the authorization. Those committees, legislative bodies and other entities may only request or use these records for the purpose of investigating the administration of public social services, and shall not disclose the identity of any applicant or recipient except in the case of a criminal or civil proceeding conducted in connection with the administration of public social services.

However, this section shall not prohibit the furnishing of this information to other public agencies to the extent required for verifying eligibility or for other purposes directly connected with the administration of public social services, or to county superintendents of schools or superintendents of school districts only as necessary for the administration of federally assisted programs providing assistance in cash or in-kind or services directly to individuals on the basis of need. Any person knowingly and intentionally violating this subdivision is guilty of a misdemeanor.

Further, in the context of a petition for the appointment of a conservator for a person who is receiving or has received aid from a public agency, as indicated above, or in the context of a criminal prosecution for a violation of Section 368 of the Penal Code both of the following shall apply:

(1) An Adult Protective Services employee or Ombudsman may answer truthfully at any proceeding related to the petition or prosecution, when asked if he or she is aware of information that he or she believes is related to the legal mental capacity of that aid recipient or the need for a conservatorship for that aid recipient. If the Adult Protective Services employee or Ombudsman states that he or she is aware of such information, the court may order the Adult Protective Services employee or Ombudsman to testify about his or her observations and to disclose all relevant agency records.

(2) The court may order the Adult Protective Services employee or Ombudsman to testify about his or her observations and to disclose any relevant agency records if the court has other independent reason to believe that the Adult Protective Services employee or Ombudsman has information that would facilitate the resolution of the matter.

(c) The State Department of Social Services may make rules and regulations governing the custody, use, and preservation of all records, papers, files, and communications pertaining to the administration of the laws relating to public social services under their jurisdiction. The rules and regulations shall be binding on all departments, officials and employees of the state, or of any political subdivision of the state and may provide for giving information to or exchanging information with agencies, public or political subdivisions of the state, and may provide for giving information to or exchanging information with agencies, public or private, that are engaged in planning, providing, or securing social services for or in behalf of recipients or applicants; and for making case records available for research purposes, provided that making these case records available will not result in the disclosure of the identity of applicants for or recipients of public social services and will not disclose any personal information in a manner that would link the information disclosed to the individual to whom it pertains, unless the department has complied with subdivision (t) of Section 1798.24 of the Civil Code.

(d) Any person, including every public officer and employee, who knowingly secures or possesses, other than in the course of official duty, an official list or a list compiled from official sources, published or disclosed in violation of this section, of persons who have applied for or who have been granted any form of public social services for which state or federal funds are made available to the counties is guilty of a misdemeanor.

(e) This section shall not be construed to prohibit an employee of a county welfare department from disclosing confidential information concerning a public social services applicant or recipient to a state or local law enforcement agency investigating or gathering information regarding a criminal act committed in a welfare department office, a criminal act against any county or state welfare worker, or any criminal act witnessed by any county or state welfare worker while involved in the administration of public social services at any location. Further, this section shall not be construed to prohibit an employee of a county welfare department from disclosing confidential information concerning a public social services applicant or recipient to a state or local law enforcement agency investigating or gathering information regarding a criminal act intentionally committed by the applicant or recipient against any off-duty county or state welfare worker in retaliation for an act performed in the course of the welfare worker's duty when the person committing the offense knows

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or reasonably should know that the victim is a state or county welfare worker. These criminal acts shall include only those that are in violation of state or local law. Disclosure of confidential information pursuant to this subdivision shall be limited to the applicant's or recipient's name, physical description, and address.

(f) The provisions of this section shall be operative only to the extent permitted by federal law and shall not apply to, but exclude, Chapter 7 (commencing with Section 14000) of this division, entitled "Basic Health Care", and for which a grant-in-aid is received by the state under Title XIX of the Social Security Act.

Welf. & Inst. Code § 11400(t)

(t) "Whole family foster home" means a new or existing family home, approved relative caregiver or nonrelative extended family member's home, the home of a nonrelated legal guardian whose guardianship was established pursuant to Section 360 or 366.26, certified family home, or a host family home placement of a transitional housing placement provider, that provides foster care for a minor or nonminor dependent parent and his or her child, and is specifically recruited and trained to assist the minor or nonminor dependent parent in developing the skills necessary to provide a safe, stable, and permanent home for his or her child. The child of the minor or nonminor dependent parent need not be the subject of a petition filed pursuant to Section 300 to qualify for placement in a whole family foster home.

Welf. & Inst. Code § 11465

(a) When a child is living with a parent who receives AFDC-FC or Kin-GAP benefits, the rate paid to the provider on behalf of the parent shall include an amount for care and supervision of the child.

(b) For each category of eligible licensed community care facility, as defined in Section 1502 of the Health and Safety Code, the department shall adopt regulations setting forth a uniform rate to cover the cost of care and supervision of the child in each category of eligible licensed community care facility.

(c) (1) On and after July 1, 1998, the uniform rate to cover the cost of care and supervision of a child pursuant to this section shall be increased by 6 percent, rounded to the nearest dollar. The resultant amounts shall constitute the new uniform rate.

(2) (A) On and after July 1, 1999, the uniform rate to cover the cost of care and supervision of a child pursuant to this section shall be adjusted by an amount equal to the California Necessities Index computed pursuant to Section 11453, rounded to the nearest dollar. The resultant amounts shall constitute the new uniform rate, subject to further adjustment pursuant to subparagraph (B).

(B) In addition to the adjustment specified in subparagraph (A), on and after January 1, 2000, the uniform rate to cover the cost of care and supervision of a child pursuant to this section shall be increased by 2.36 percent, rounded to the nearest dollar. The resultant amounts shall constitute the new uniform rate.

(3) Subject to the availability of funds, for the 2000–01 fiscal year and annually thereafter, these rates shall be adjusted for cost of living pursuant to procedures in Section 11453.

(4) On and after January 1, 2008, the uniform rate to cover the cost of care and supervision of a child pursuant to this section shall be increased by 5 percent, rounded to the nearest dollar. The resulting amount shall constitute the new uniform rate.

(d) (1) Notwithstanding subdivisions (a) to (c), inclusive, the payment made pursuant to this section for care and supervision of a child who is living with a teen parent in a whole family foster home, as defined in Section 11400, shall equal the basic rate for children placed in a licensed or approved home as specified in subdivisions (a) to (d), inclusive, and subdivision (g), of Section 11461.

(2) The amount paid for care and supervision of a dependent infant living with a dependent teen parent receiving AFDC-FC benefits in a group home placement shall equal the infant supplement rate for group home placements.

(3) The caregiver shall provide the county child welfare agency or probation department with a copy of the shared responsibility plan developed pursuant to Section 16501.25 and shall advise the county child welfare agency or probation department of any subsequent changes to the plan. Once the plan has been completed and provided to the appropriate agencies, the payment made pursuant to this section shall be increased by an additional two hundred dollars (\$200) per month to reflect the increased care and supervision while he or she is placed in the whole family foster home.

(4) In any year in which the payment provided pursuant to this section is adjusted for the cost of living as provided in paragraph (1) of subdivision (c), the payments provided for in this subdivision shall also be increased by the same procedures.

(5) A Kin-GAP relative who, immediately prior to entering the Kin-GAP program, was designated as a whole family foster

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home shall receive the same payment amounts for the care and supervision of a child who is living with a teen parent they received in foster care as a whole family foster home.

(6) On and after January 1, 2012, the rate paid for a child living with a teen parent in a whole family foster home as defined in Section 11400 shall also be paid for a child living with a nonminor dependent parent who is eligible to receive AFDC-FC or Kin-GAP pursuant to Section 11403.

Welf. & Inst. Code § 16001.9

“(a) It is the policy of the state that all children in foster care shall have the following rights:

- (1) To live in a safe, healthy, and comfortable home where he or she is treated with respect.
 - (2) To be free from physical, sexual, emotional, or other abuse, or corporal punishment.
 - (3) To receive adequate and healthy food, adequate clothing, and, for youth in group homes, an allowance.
 - (4) To receive medical, dental, vision, and mental health services.
 - (5) To be free of the administration of medication or chemical substances, unless authorized by a physician.
 - (6) To contact family members, unless prohibited by court order, and social workers, attorneys, foster youth advocates and supporters, Court Appointed Special Advocates (CASAs), and probation officers.
 - (7) To visit and contact brothers and sisters, unless prohibited by court order.
 - (8) To contact the Community Care Licensing Division of the State Department of Social Services or the State Foster Care Ombudsperson regarding violations of rights, to speak to representatives of these offices confidentially, and to be free from threats or punishment for making complaints.
 - (9) To make and receive confidential telephone calls and send and receive unopened mail, unless prohibited by court order.
 - (10) To attend religious services and activities of his or her choice.
 - (11) To maintain an emancipation bank account and manage personal income, consistent with the child’s age and developmental level, unless prohibited by the case plan.
 - (12) To not be locked in a room, building, or facility premises, unless placed in a community treatment facility.
 - (13) To attend school and participate in extracurricular, cultural, and personal enrichment activities, consistent with the child’s age and developmental level, with minimal disruptions to school attendance and educational stability.
 - (14) To work and develop job skills at an age-appropriate level, consistent with state law.
 - (15) To have social contacts with people outside of the foster care system, such as teachers, church members, mentors, and friends.
 - (16) To attend Independent Living Program classes and activities if he or she meets age requirements.
 - (17) To attend court hearings and speak to the judge.
 - (18) To have storage space for private use.
 - (19) To be involved in the development of his or her own case plan and plan for permanent placement.
 - (20) To review his or her own case plan and plan for permanent placement, if he or she is 12 years of age or older and in a permanent placement, and to receive information about his or her out-of-home placement and case plan, including being told of changes to the plan.
 - (21) To be free from unreasonable searches of personal belongings.
 - (22) To the confidentiality of all juvenile court records consistent with existing law.
 - (23) To have fair and equal access to all available services, placement, care, treatment, and benefits, and to not be subjected to discrimination or harassment on the basis of actual or perceived race, ethnic group identification, ancestry, national origin, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, mental or physical disability, or HIV status.
 - (24) To have caregivers and child welfare personnel who have received instruction on cultural competency and sensitivity relating to, and best practices for, providing adequate care to lesbian, gay, bisexual, and transgender youth in out-of-home care.
 - (25) At 16 years of age or older, to have access to existing information regarding the educational options available, including, but not limited to, the coursework necessary for vocational and postsecondary educational programs, and information regarding financial aid for postsecondary education.
- (b) Nothing in this section shall be interpreted to require a foster care provider to take any action that would impair the health and safety of children in out-of-home placement.
- (c) The State Department of Social Services and each county welfare department are encouraged to work with the Student Aid Commission, the University of California, the California State University, and the California Community Colleges to receive information pursuant to paragraph (23) of subdivision (a).

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Welf. & Inst. Code § 16010

(a) When a child is placed in foster care, the case plan for each child recommended pursuant to Section 358.1 shall include a summary of the health and education information or records, including mental health information or records, of the child. The summary may be maintained in the form of a health and education passport, or a comparable format designed by the child protective agency. The health and education summary shall include, but not be limited to, the names and addresses of the child's health, dental, and education providers; the child's grade level performance; the child's school record; assurances that the child's placement in foster care takes into account proximity to the school in which the child is enrolled at the time of placement; the number of school transfers the child has already experienced; the child's educational progress, as demonstrated by factors, including, but not limited to, academic proficiency scores; credits earned toward graduation; a record of the child's immunizations and allergies; the child's known medical problems; the child's current medications, past health problems, and hospitalizations; a record of the child's relevant mental health history; the child's known mental health condition and medications; and any other relevant mental health, dental, health, and education information concerning the child determined to be appropriate by the Director of Social Services. The health and education summary may also include the name and contact information for the educational liaison, as described in subdivision (b) of Section 48853.5 of the Education Code, of the child's local educational agency. If any other law imposes more stringent information requirements, then that section shall prevail.

(b) Additionally, a court report or assessment required pursuant to subdivision (g) of Section 361.5, Section 366.1, subdivision (d) of Section 366.21, or subdivision (c) of Section 366.22 shall include a copy of the current health and education summary described in subdivision (a). With respect to a nonminor dependent, as described in subdivision (v) of Section 11400, a copy of the current health and education summary shall be included in the court report only if and when the nonminor dependent consents in writing to its inclusion.

(c) As soon as possible, but not later than 30 days after initial placement of a child into foster care, the child protective agency shall provide the caregiver with the child's current health and education summary as described in subdivision (a). For each subsequent placement of a child or nonminor dependent, the child protective agency shall provide the caregiver with a current summary as described in subdivision (a) within 48 hours of the placement. With respect to a nonminor dependent, as described in subdivision (v) of Section 11400, the social worker or probation officer shall advise the young adult of the social worker's or probation officer's obligation to provide the health and education summary to the new caregiver and the court, and shall discuss with the youth the benefits and liabilities of sharing that information.

(d) (1) Notwithstanding Section 827 or any other law, the child protective agency may disclose any information described in this section to a prospective caregiver or caregivers prior to placement of a child if all of the following requirements are met:

(A) The child protective agency intends to place the child with the prospective caregiver or caregivers.

(B) The prospective caregiver or caregivers are willing to become the adoptive parent or parents of the child.

(C) The prospective caregiver or caregivers have an approved adoption assessment or home study, a foster family home license, certification by a licensed foster family agency, or approval pursuant to the requirements in Sections 361.3 and 361.4.

(2) In addition to the information required to be provided under this section, the child protective agency may disclose to the prospective caregiver specified in paragraph (1), placement history or underlying source documents that are provided to adoptive parents pursuant to subdivisions (a) and (b) of Section 8706 of the Family Code.

(e) The child's caregiver shall be responsible for obtaining and maintaining accurate and thorough information from physicians and educators for the child's summary as described in subdivision (a) during the time that the child is in the care of the caregiver. On each required visit, the child protective agency or its designee family foster agency shall inquire of the caregiver whether there is any new information that should be added to the child's summary as described in subdivision (a). The child protective agency shall update the summary with the information as appropriate, but not later than the next court date or within 48 hours of a change in placement. The child protective agency or its designee family foster agency shall take all necessary steps to assist the caregiver in obtaining relevant health and education information for the child's health and education summary as described in subdivision (a). The caregiver of a nonminor dependent, as described in subdivision (v) of Section 11400, is not responsible for obtaining and maintaining the nonminor dependent's health and educational information, but may assist the nonminor dependent with any recordkeeping that the nonminor requests of the caregiver.

(f) At the initial hearing, the court shall direct each parent to provide to the child protective agency complete medical,

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dental, mental health, and educational information, and medical background, of the child and of the child's mother and the child's biological father if known. The Judicial Council shall create a form for the purpose of obtaining health and education information from the child's parents or guardians at the initial hearing. The court shall determine at the hearing held pursuant to Section 358 whether the medical, dental, mental health, and educational information has been provided to the child protective agency.

Welf. & Inst. Code § 16501(b)

(b) As used in this chapter, "respite care" means temporary care for periods not to exceed 72 hours. This care may be provided to the child's parents or guardians. This care shall not be limited by regulation to care over 24 hours. These services shall not be provided for the purpose of routine, ongoing child care.

Welf. & Inst. Code § 16501.25(b)

(b) (1) When the child of a teen parent is not subject to the jurisdiction of the dependency court but is in the full or partial physical custody of the teen parent, a written shared responsibility plan shall be developed. The plan shall be developed between the teen parent, caregiver, and a representative of the county child welfare agency or probation department, and in the case of a certified home, a representative of the agency providing direct and immediate supervision to the caregiver. Additional input may be provided by any individuals identified by the teen parent, the other parent of the child, if appropriate, and other extended family members. The plan shall be developed as soon as is practicably possible. However, if one or more of the above stakeholders are not available to participate in the creation of the plan within the first 30 days of the teen parent's placement, the teen parent and caregiver may enter into a plan for the purposes of fulfilling the requirements of paragraph (2) of subdivision (d) of Section 11465, which may be modified at a later time when the other individuals become available.

Vehicle Code

Vehicle Code § 15620

(a) A parent, legal guardian, or other person responsible for a child who is 6 years of age or younger may not leave that child inside a motor vehicle without being subject to the supervision of a person who is 12 years of age or older, under either of the following circumstances:

(1) Where there are conditions that present a significant risk to the child's health or safety.

(2) When the vehicle's engine is running or the vehicle's keys are in the ignition, or both.

(b) A violation of subdivision (a) is an infraction punishable by a fine of one hundred dollars (\$100), except that the court may reduce or waive the fine if the defendant establishes to the satisfaction of the court that he or she is economically disadvantaged and the court, instead, refers the defendant to a community education program that includes education on the dangers of leaving young children unattended in motor vehicles, and provides certification of completion of that program. Upon completion of that program, the defendant shall provide that certification to the court. The court may, at its discretion, require any defendant described in this section to attend an education program on the dangers of leaving young children unattended in motor vehicles.

(c) Nothing in this section shall preclude prosecution under both this section and Section 192 of the Penal Code, or Section 273a of that code, or any other provision of law.

(d) (1) Subdivision (b) and Section 40000.1 do not apply if an unattended child is injured or medical services are rendered on that child because of a violation described in subdivision (a).

(2) Nothing in this subdivision precludes prosecution under any other provision of law.